Looking to the medium term

Second quarter results | 31 October 2012

Issued: 11 December 2012



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Overview

- Revenue growth of 17%
- Record H1 pre-tax profit of £141m (2011: £84m)
- Group EBITDA margin rises to 41% (2011: 36%)
- Interim dividend raised 50% to 1.5p per share (2011: 1.0p)
- Acquired JMR Industries, a business serving the oil and gas industry
- Board now anticipates full year profit ahead of its earlier expectations



Suzanne Wood Finance director



Q2 Group revenue and profit

	Q2				
(£m)	2012	2011	Change ¹		
Revenue	356	307	16%		
- of which rental	316	273	15%		
Operating costs	(209)	(194)	8%		
EBITDA	147	113	29%		
Depreciation	(57)	(50)	15%		
Operating profit	90	63	41%		
Net interest	(11)	(12)	-20%		
Profit before tax and amortisation	79	51	56%		
Earnings per share (p)	10.0	6.4	53%		
Margins					
- EBITDA	41%	37%			
- Operating profit	25%	21%			

¹ At constant exchange rates



² The results in the table above are the Group's underlying results and are stated before exceptionals, intangible amortisation and fair value remeasurements

H1 Group revenue and profit

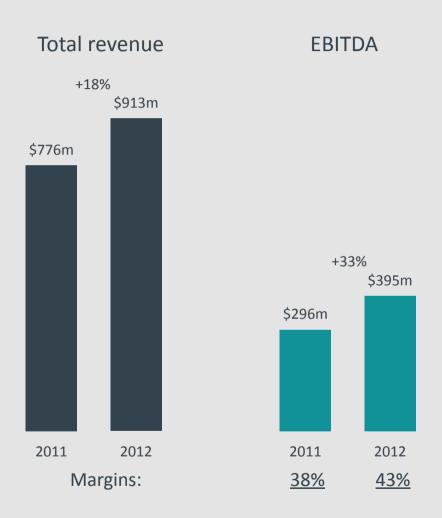
	H1				
(£m)	2012	2011	Change ¹		
Revenue	681	575	17%		
- of which rental	605	517	15%		
Operating costs	(405)	(368)	8%		
EBITDA	276	207	31%		
Depreciation	(113)	(97)	14%		
Operating profit	163	110	47%		
Net interest	(22)	(26)	-11%		
Profit before tax and amortisation	141	84	64%		
Earnings per share (p)	17.7	10.7	62%		
Margins					
- EBITDA	41%	36%			
- Operating profit	24%	19%			

¹ At constant exchange rates



² The results in the table above are the Group's underlying results and are stated before exceptionals, intangible amortisation and fair value remeasurements

H1 divisional results – Sunbelt



	Revenue bridge		
	Change	(\$m)	
2011 rental revenue		694	
Change – Volume	+10%	79	
– Yield	+5%	38	
2012 rental revenue		811	
Sales revenue		102	
2012 total revenue		913	

	EBITDA b	ridge
	Change	(\$m)
2011 EBITDA		296
Rental revenue increase	+17%	117
Operating cost increase	+6%	(24)
Increase in profit on sale of fixed assets		6
2012 EBITDA		395



H1 divisional results – A-Plant



	Revenue bridge		
	Change	(£m)	
2011 rental revenue		86	
Change – Volume	+9%	8	
– Yield	-2%	(2)	
2012 rental revenue		92	
Sales revenue		12	
2012 total revenue		104	

	EBITDA bridge		
	Change	(£m)	
2011 EBITDA		26	
Rental revenue increase	+8%	6	
Operating cost increase	+4%	(1)	
Increase in profit on sale of fixed assets		-	
2012 EBITDA		31	



Cash flow

Significant reinvestment in our rental fleet

(£m)	H1 2012	H1 2011	Change
EBITDA before exceptional items	276	207	+33%
Cash conversion ratio ¹	80.2%	83.7%	
Cash inflow from operations ²	221	173	+28%
Payments for capital expenditure	(413)	(258)	
Rental equipment and other disposal proceeds received	49	39	
	(364)	(219)	
Interest and tax paid	(24)	(27)	
Exceptional costs paid	(15)	(2)	
Free cash flow	(182)	(75)	
Dividends paid	(13)	(10)	
Purchase of own shares by the ESOT	(10)	-	
Increase in net debt	(205)	(85)	

¹ Cash inflow from operations as a percentage of EBITDA



² Before fleet changes and exceptionals

Net debt and leverage

Net debt to EBITDA continues to reduce as we invest in the fleet

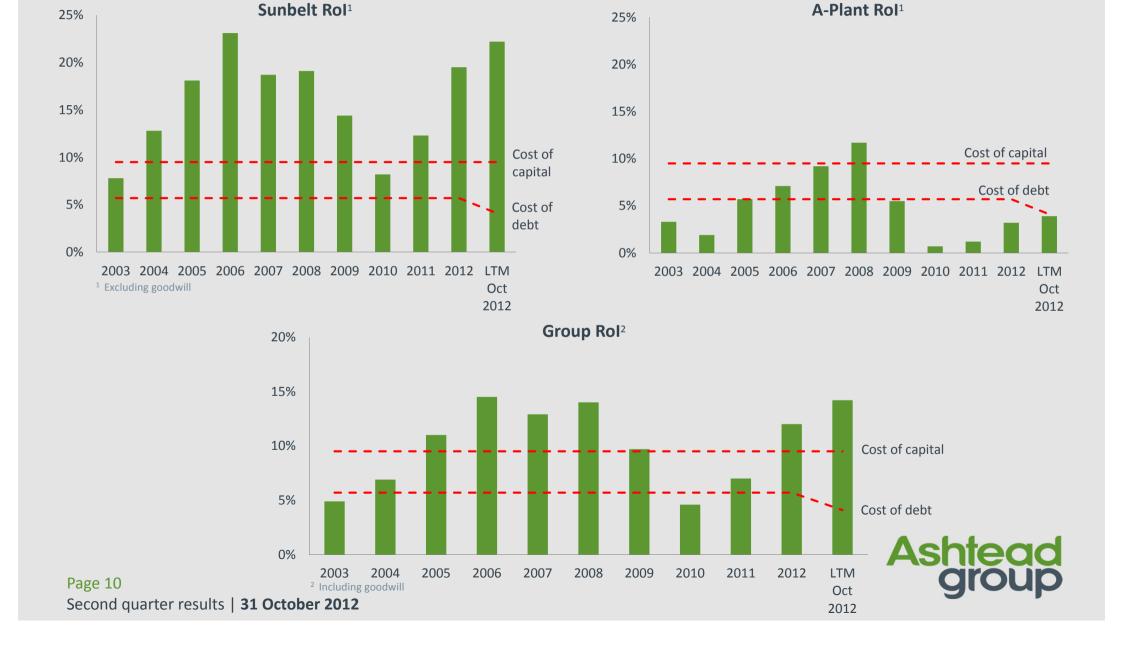
(£m)	Oct 2012	Oct 2011
Net debt at 30 April	854	776
Translation impact	4	26
Opening debt at closing exchange rates	858	802
Change from cash flows	205	85
Non-cash movements	6	2
Net debt at period end	1,069	889
Comprising:		
First lien senior secured bank debt	763	573
Second lien secured notes	304	336
Finance lease obligations	3	3
Cash in hand	(1)	(23)
Total net debt	1,069	889
Net debt to EBITDA leverage (x)	2.4	2.7



Floating rate: 71%
Fixed rate: 29%



Strong Rol pre cyclical recovery



Geoff Drabble Chief executive



Sunbelt revenue drivers

Continuation of strong performance in both volume and yield









Impact of Sandy







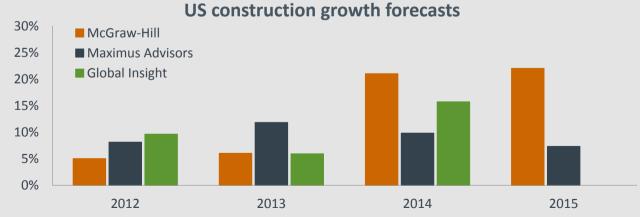
- No impact in Q2 reported results
- Certainly will impact the short term
- November rental revenues +26%
 - including Sandy impact of +5%



Markets have clearly stabilised

Sustained period of growth forecast







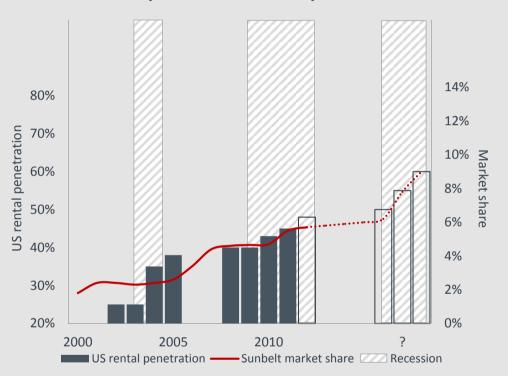
Performance through the cycle



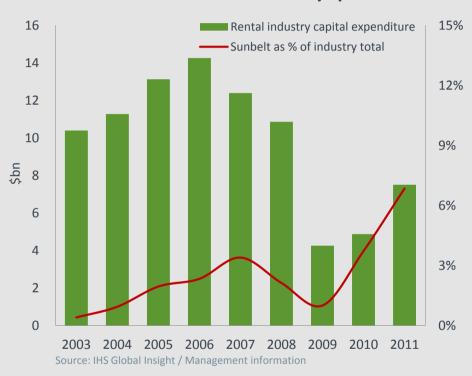
Leverage to be sustained below 2 times net debt to EBITDA

Rental penetration slows in recovery but does not go backwards

Development of US rental penetration



Sunbelt vs. Rental industry spend



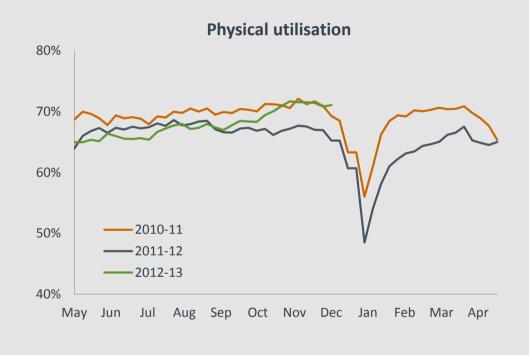
- Flexibility of rental becomes well established
- Fleet ownership infrastructure permanently reduced
- Underpinned by technical and legislative changes



A-Plant revenue drivers

Yield affected by lower priced but higher returning new contracts







UK market

Uncertain outlook – still looks a long haul

Total UK construction output



Source: ONS, Construction Products Association (Autumn 2012)

Public and private growth rates

	2011	2012	2013
Public sector	-2.6%	-11.4%	-6.2%
Private sector	+5.3%	-3.9%	+0.7%
Total	2.6%	-6.3%	-1.4%

Source: ONS, Construction Products Association (Autumn 2012)

- Still no reason to expect much from market
- Therefore continued progress is encouraging
- We are positioned to perform relatively well and will continue to focus on improving performance in our core markets



Summary

- With this momentum clearly established in the business we now anticipate a full year profit ahead of our earlier expectations
- We are well-placed to see further growth over the medium term from either continued structural change or end market recovery
- Leverage to be sustained below 2 times net debt to EBITDA
- Interim dividend raised 50% to 1.5p per share (2011: 1.0p)
- With a broad range of metrics already at record levels at this stage in the cycle, together with a strong balance sheet to support medium term growth opportunities, the Board looks forward with confidence



Appendices

Divisional performance – Q2

		Revenue	2		EBITDA			Profit	
	2012	2011	change	2012	2011	change	2012	2011	change
Sunbelt (\$m)	481	415	+16%	211	162	+31%	140	100	+40%
Sunbelt (£m)	302	259	+16%	133	101	+31%	88	62	+41%
A-Plant	54	48	+13%	16	14	+22%	4	3	+47%
Group central costs	-	-		(2)	(2)	+37%	(2)	(2)	+36%
	356	307	+16%	147	113	+30%	90	63	+41%
Net financing costs							(11)	(12)	-20%
Profit before tax and amortisation						_	79	51	+57%
Amortisation							(1)	(1)	
Profit before taxation						_	78	50	+57%
Taxation							(29)	(18)	+61%
Profit after taxation						_	49	32	+55%
Margins									
- Sunbelt				44%	39%		29%	24%	
- A-Plant				31%	28%		8%	6%	
- Group				41%	37%		25%	21%	



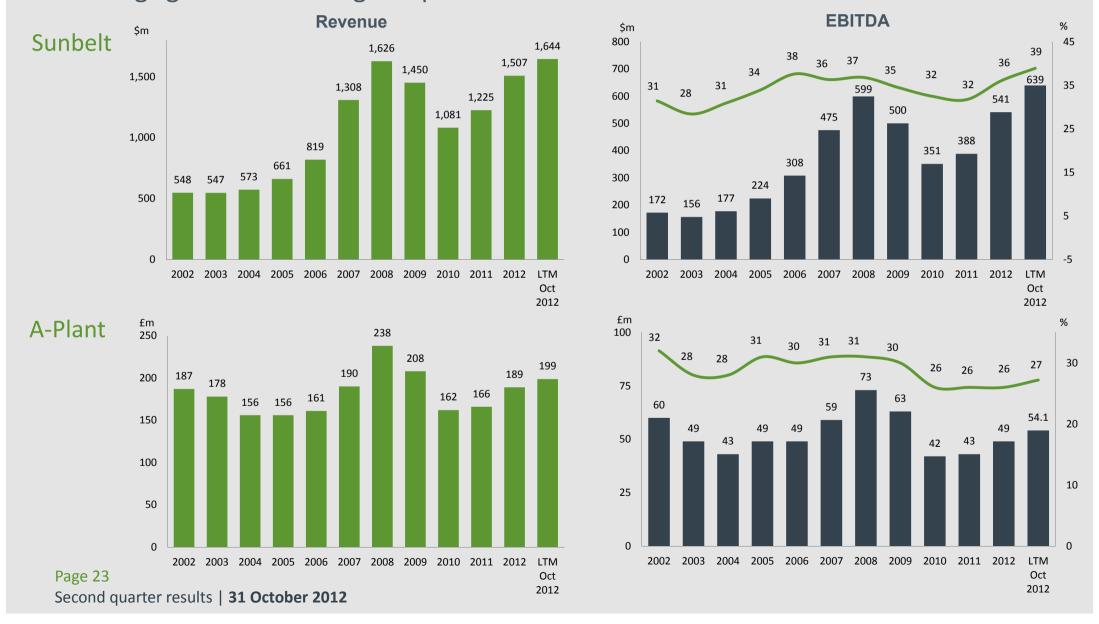
Divisional performance – LTM

		Revenue			EBITDA			Profit	
	2012	2011	change	2012	2011	change	2012	2011	change
Sunbelt (\$m)	1,644	1,386	+19%	639	472	+35%	371	237	+57%
Sunbelt (£m)	1,041	863	+21%	405	293	+38%	235	147	+60%
A-Plant	199	177	+12%	54	45	+21%	9	4	+147%
Group central costs	-	-		(9)	(8)	+16%	(9)	(8)	+14%
	1,240	1,040	+19%	450	330	+36%	235	143	+65%
Net financing costs						_	(48)	(58)	-16%
Profit before tax, exceptionals, amortis	sation and r	emeasure	ements				187	85	+119
Exceptionals, amortisation and remeas	surements					_	(22)	(24)	-10%
Profit before taxation							165	61	+170%
Taxation						_	(57)	(23)	+148%
Profit after taxation							108	38	+184%
Margins									
- Sunbelt				39%	34%		23%	17%	
- A-Plant				27%	25%		5%	2%	
- Group				36%	32%		19%	14%	



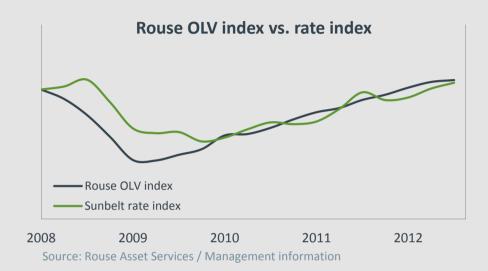
Margins continue to improve

US margins have exceeded the previous peak with substantial opportunity for future earnings growth and margin expansion

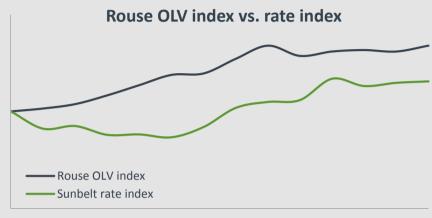


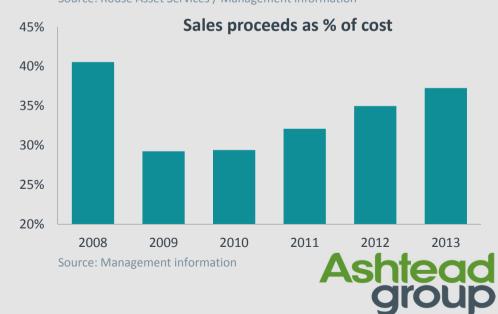
Rouse values

A short term correction





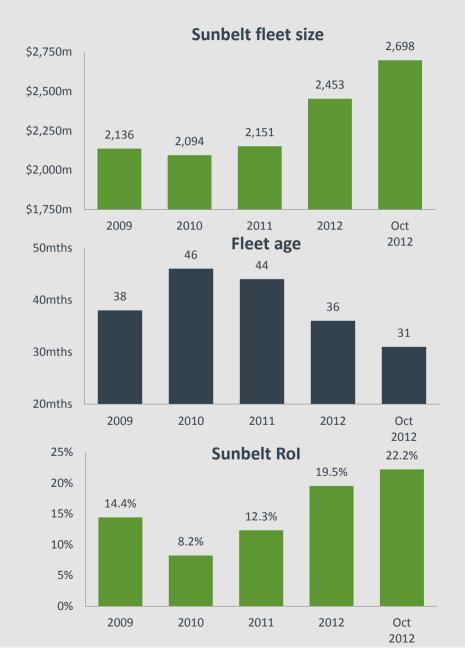


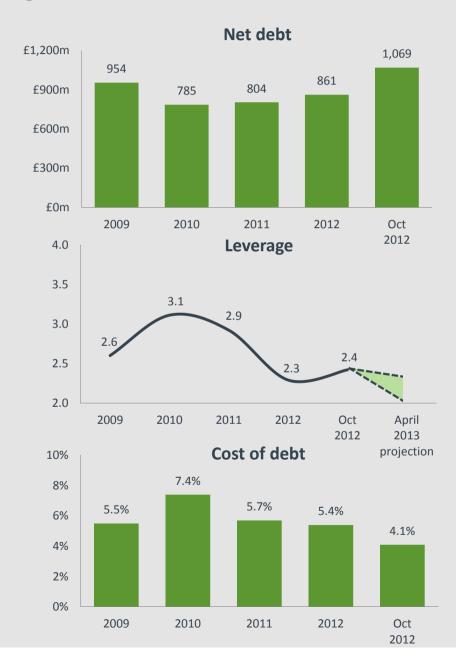


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In a very strong position for the next stage in the cycle

Both asset base and debt have been well managed





Cash flow funds organic fleet growth

(£m)	LTM Oct 12	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
EBITDA before exceptional items	450	381	284	255	359	380	310	225	170	147	150
EBITDA margin	36%	34%	30%	30%	33%	38%	35%	35%	32%	29%	28%
Cash inflow from operations before fleet changes and exceptionals	413	365	280	266	374	356	319	215	165	140	157
Cash conversion ratio	92%	96%	99%	104%	104%	94%	97%	96%	97%	95%	105%
Maintenance capital expenditure	(316)	(273)	(203)	(43)	(236)	(231)	(245)	(167)	(101)	(83)	(89)
Disposal proceeds	100	92	60	31	92	93	78	50	36	32	29
Interest and tax	(53)	(57)	(71)	(54)	(64)	(83)	(69)	(41)	(31)	(33)	(40)
Growth capital expenditure	(247)	(137)	-	-	-	(120)	(63)	(63)	(10)	-	(18)
Dividends paid	(17)	(15)	(15)	(13)	(13)	(10)	(7)	(2)	-	-	(9)
Cash available to fund debt pay down or M&A	(122)	(25)	51	187	153	5	13	(8)	59	56	30

- Healthy EBITDA margins ensure significant top line cash generation throughout the cycle
- Cash from operations funds organic growth investment, tax, interest and dividends
- Historically, debt has only increased at times of large scale M&A



Benefit of fleet de-ageing about to be reflected in cash flow

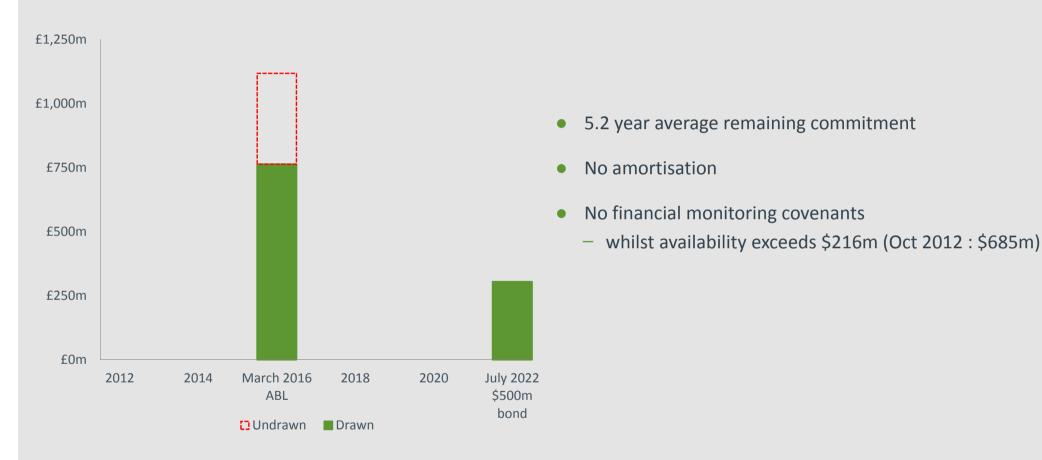
We do not only generate cash in the downturn

Cash flows (£m)	2010	2011	2012	LTM Oct 2012	Going forward
EBITDA	255	284	381	450	?
Maintenance capex	43	203	273	316	220
Growth capital	_	-	137	247	?
Gross capex	43	203	410	563	?
Fleet age (no of months)	+8	-2	-7	-7	Flat
Fleet at cost	-2%	+3%	+14%	+16%	?

- Typically circa 95% cash conversion of EBITDA
- Disposal proceeds broadly match interest and dividends
- 10-15% growth in fleet possible with organic cash generation

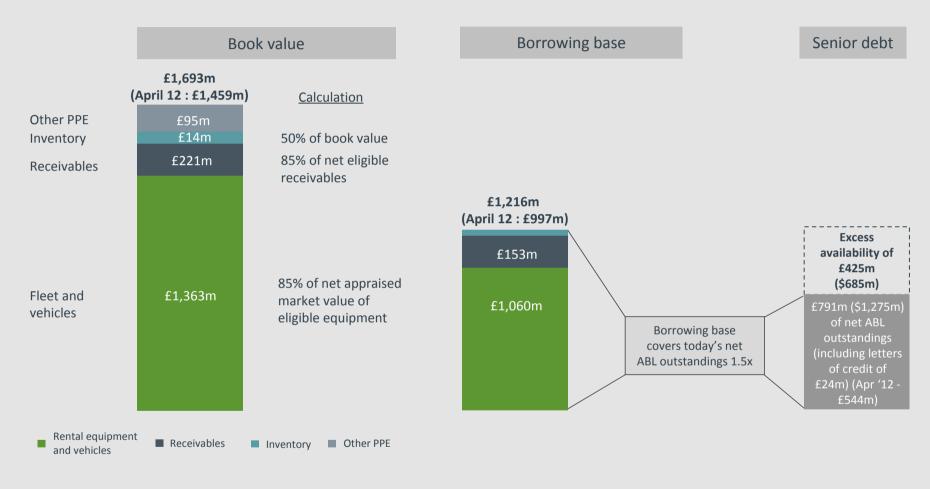


Robust debt structure with substantial capacity to fund further growth





\$685m of availability at 31 October 2012 (October 11: \$574m)



Borrowing base reflects July 2012 asset values



Debt and covenants

Debt

Facility	Interest rate	Maturity
\$1.8bn first lien revolver	LIBOR +200-250bp	March 2016
\$500m second lien notes	6.5%	July 2022
Capital leases	~7%	Various

Ratings

	S&P	Moody's
Corporate family	BB-	Ba3
Second lien	B+	B2

Availability

■ Covenants are not measured if availability is above \$216m

Leverage covenant

- Gross funded debt to EBITDA cannot exceed 4.0x
- EBITDA is measured before one time items and at constant exchange rates
- 2.4x at October 2012

Fixed charge coverage coverant

- EBITDA less net cash capex to interest paid, tax paid, dividends paid and debt amortisation must equal or exceed 1.1x
- Less than 1.1x at October 2012

