

# Responsible investment in growth

Full year results | 30 April 2015

Issued: 16 June 2015



# Legal notice

This presentation has been prepared to inform investors and prospective investors in the secondary markets about the Group and does not constitute an offer of securities or otherwise constitute an invitation or inducement to any person to underwrite, subscribe for or otherwise acquire securities in Ashtead Group plc or any of its subsidiary companies.

The presentation contains forward looking statements which are necessarily subject to risks and uncertainties because they relate to future events. Our business and operations are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control and, consequently, actual results may differ materially from those projected by any forward looking statements.

Some of the factors which may adversely impact some of these forward looking statements are discussed in the Group's audited results for the year ended 30 April 2015 under "Principal risks and uncertainties".

This presentation contains supplemental non-GAAP financial and operating information which the Group believes provides valuable insight into the performance of the business. Whilst this information is considered as important, it should be viewed as supplemental to the Group's financial results prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and not as a substitute for them.

# Highlights

- Group rental revenue increase<sup>1</sup> of 24%
- Record Group pre-tax profit<sup>2</sup> for the year of £490m, up 35% at constant exchange rates
- £1bn of capital invested in the fleet (2014: £657m) and £236m spent on bolt-ons (2014: £103m)
- Net debt to EBITDA leverage<sup>1</sup> of 1.8 times (2014: 1.8 times)
- Group RoI of 19% (2014: 19%)
- Proposed final dividend of 12.25p making 15.25p for the year, up 33% (2014: 11.5p)
- Significantly enhanced our geographic footprint and the breadth of the markets we serve
- Strong performance continued in May. Look forward to the medium term with confidence

<sup>1</sup> At constant exchange rates

<sup>2</sup> Before exceptional items and intangible amortisation

# Suzanne Wood

## Finance director

# Q4 Group revenue and profit

(£m)	Q4		
	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>29%</b>
- of which rental	479	356	24%
Operating costs	(311)	(231)	25%
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>35%</b>
Depreciation	(99)	(71)	29%
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>41%</b>
Net interest	(19)	(14)	36%
<b>Profit before exceptionals, amortisation and tax</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>42%</b>
<b>Earnings per share (p)</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>29%</b>
<i>Margins</i>			
- EBITDA	42%	40%	
- Operating profit	24%	21%	

<sup>1</sup> At constant exchange rates

<sup>2</sup> The results in the table above are the Group's underlying results and are stated before exceptionals and amortisation of intangibles

# Full year Group revenue and profit

(£m)	FY		
	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>2,039</b>	<b>1,635</b>	<b>24%</b>
- of which rental	1,838	1,475	24%
Operating costs	(1,131)	(950)	19%
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>32%</b>
Depreciation	(351)	(276)	27%
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>36%</b>
Net interest	(67)	(47)	43%
<b>Profit before exceptionals, amortisation and tax</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>35%</b>
<b>Earnings per share (p)</b>	<b>62.6</b>	<b>46.6</b>	<b>34%</b>
<i>Margins</i>			
- EBITDA	45%	42%	
- Operating profit	27%	25%	

<sup>1</sup> At constant exchange rates

<sup>2</sup> The results in the table above are the Group's underlying results and are stated before exceptionals and amortisation of intangibles

# Full year Sunbelt revenue and profit

(\$m)	FY		Change
	2015	2014	
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>2,742</b>	<b>2,189</b>	<b>+25%</b>
- of which rental	2,475	1,973	+25%
Operating costs	(1,449)	(1,201)	+21%
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>+31%</b>
Depreciation	(460)	(357)	+29%
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>+32%</b>
<i>Margins</i>			
- EBITDA	47%	45%	
- Operating profit	30%	29%	

- EBITDA drop through – Total 58%, Same store 67%

# Full year A-Plant revenue and profit

(£m)	FY		Change
	2015	2014	
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>+20%</b>
- of which rental	289	244	+19%
Operating costs	(214)	(189)	+12%
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>+39%</b>
Depreciation	(63)	(54)	+18%
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>+83%</b>
<i>Margins</i>			
- EBITDA	34%	29%	
- Operating profit	14%	9%	

- EBITDA drop through – 56%



# Cash flow

## Significant investment in our rental fleet

(£m)	2015	2014	Change
EBITDA before exceptional items	908	685	+33%
Cash conversion ratio <sup>1</sup>	93%	94%	
<b>Cash inflow from operations<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>841</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>+30%</b>
Payments for capital expenditure	(937)	(741)	
Rental equipment and other disposal proceeds received	103	102	
	(834)	(639)	
Interest and tax paid	(95)	(56)	
Exceptional costs paid	-	(2)	
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>(88)</b>	<b>(51)</b>	
Business acquisitions	(242)	(103)	
Dividends paid	(61)	(41)	
Purchase of own shares by the ESOT	(21)	(23)	
<b>Increase in net debt</b>	<b>(412)</b>	<b>(218)</b>	

<sup>1</sup> Cash inflow from operations as a percentage of EBITDA

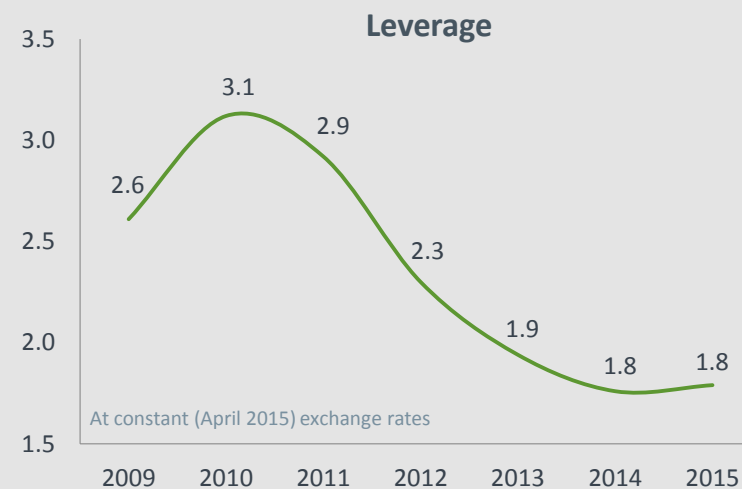
<sup>2</sup> Before fleet changes and exceptionals

# Net debt and leverage

Net debt to EBITDA continues to reduce as we invest in the fleet

(£m)	April 2015	April 2014
<b>Net debt at 30 April</b>	<b>1,149</b>	<b>1,014</b>
Translation impact	122	(88)
<b>Opening debt at closing exchange rates</b>	<b>1,271</b>	<b>926</b>
Change from cash flows	412	218
Debt acquired	-	1
Non-cash movements	4	4
<b>Net debt at period end</b>	<b>1,687</b>	<b>1,149</b>
<i>Comprising:</i>		
First lien senior secured bank debt	783	610
Second lien secured notes	910	537
Finance lease obligations	5	5
Cash in hand	(11)	(3)
<b>Total net debt</b>	<b>1,687</b>	<b>1,149</b>
<b>Net debt to EBITDA leverage* (x)</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>

\*At constant exchange rates

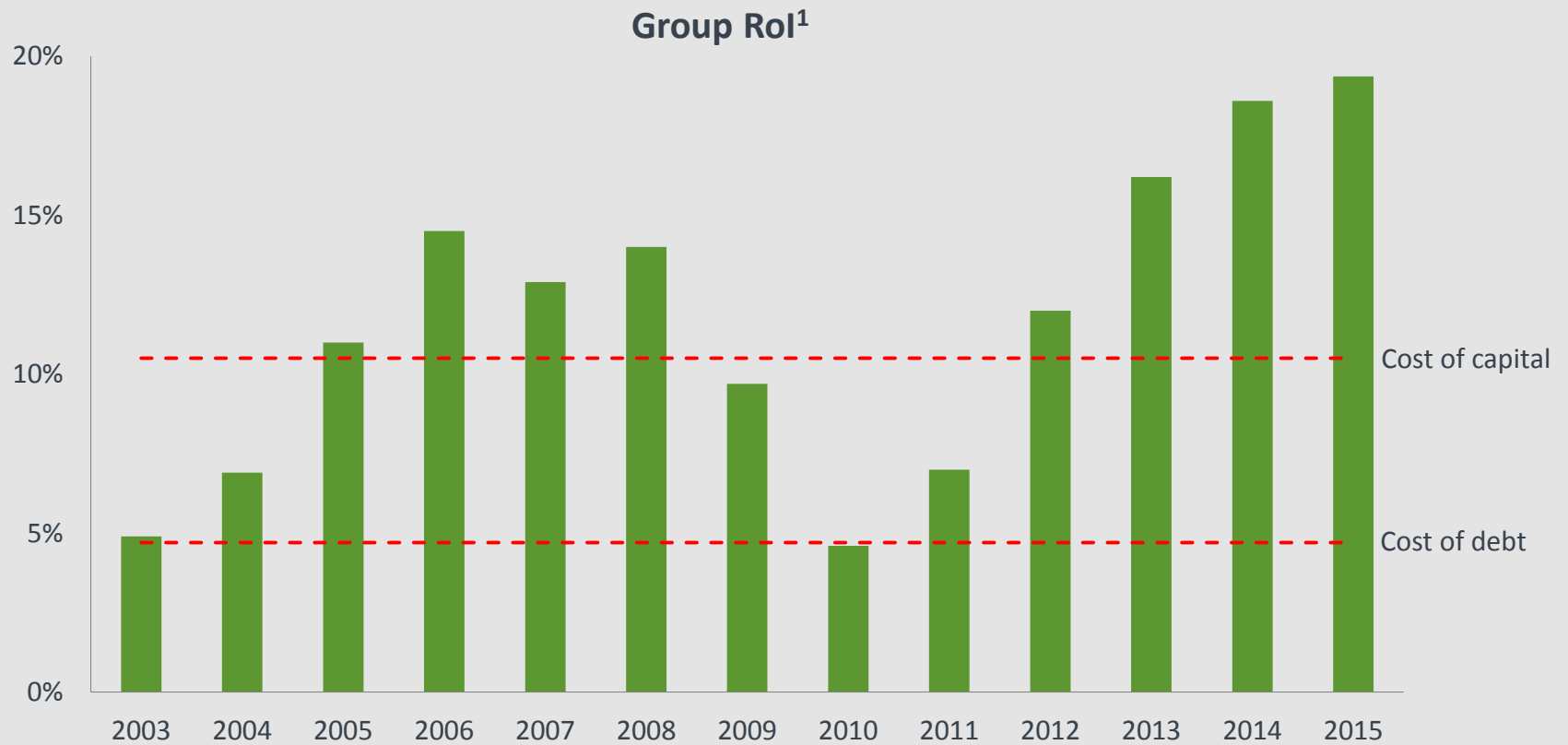


## Interest

Floating rate: 46%

Fixed rate: 54%

# Continued progression in RoI

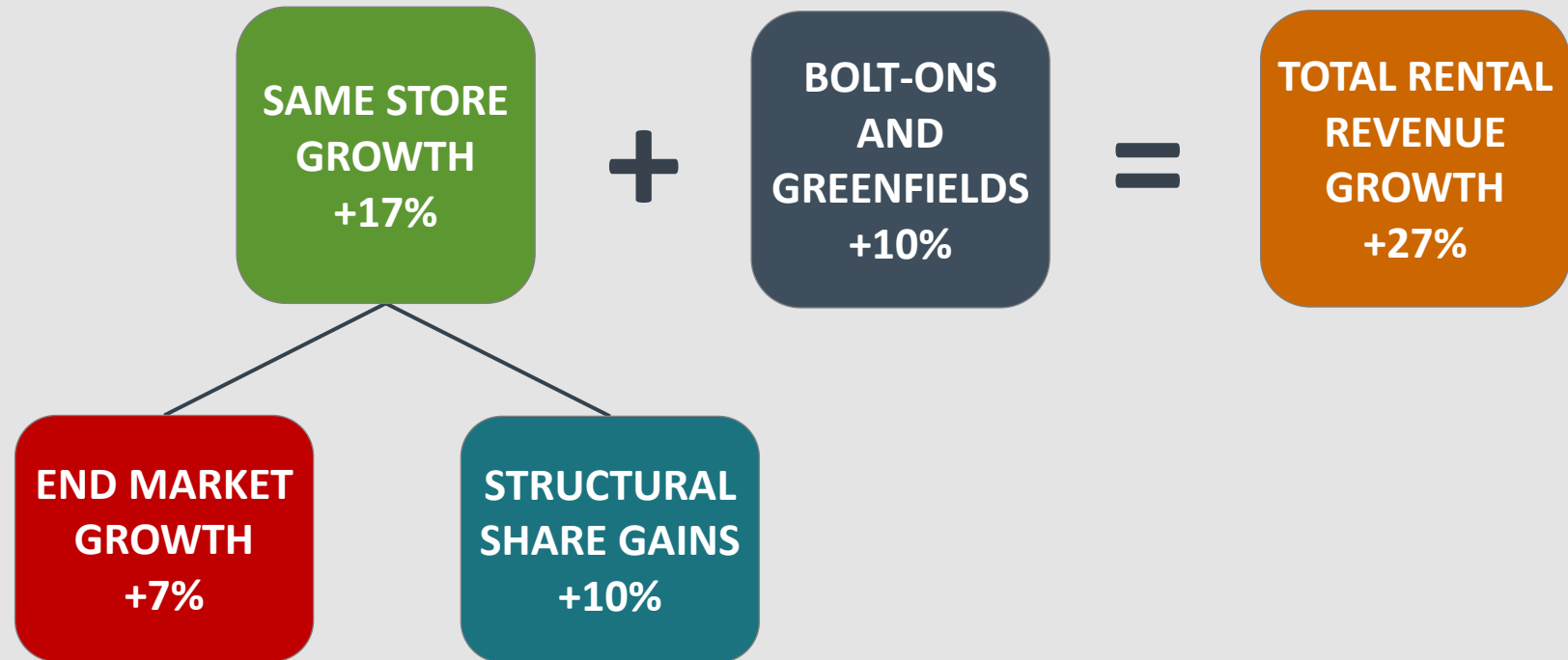


<sup>1</sup> Including goodwill and intangibles

# Geoff Drabble

## Chief executive

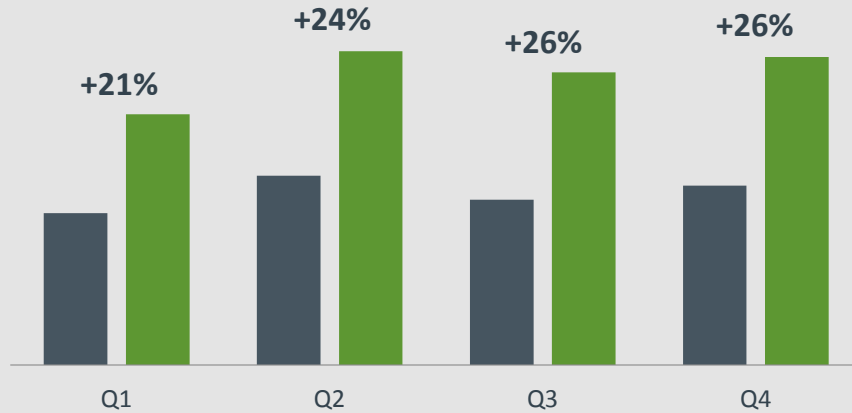
# Balanced growth throughout the year in line with our strategy



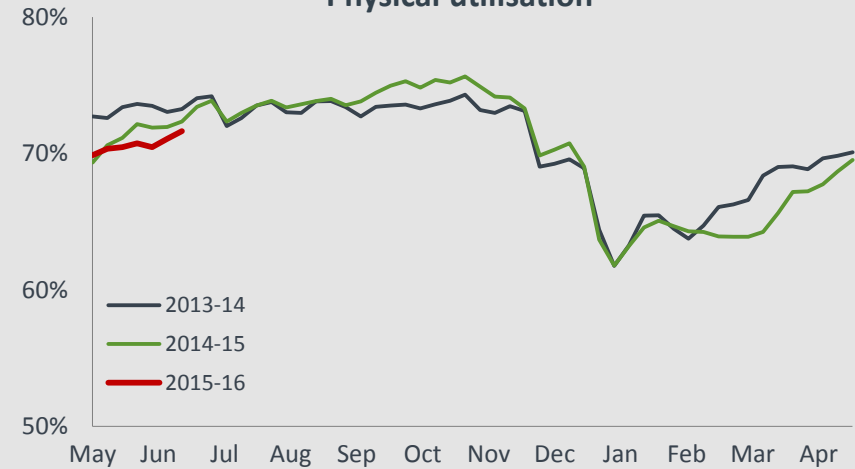
# Sunbelt revenue drivers – rental only

Continuation of strong performance

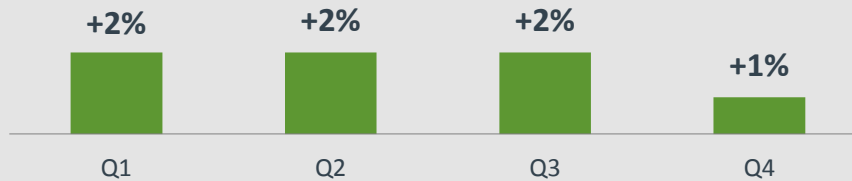
### Average fleet on rent



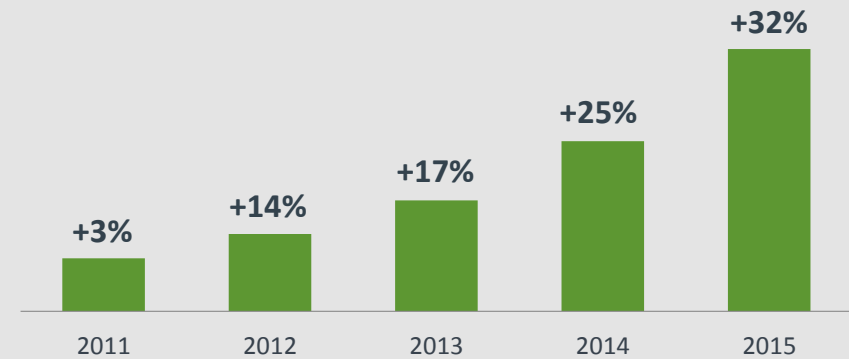
### Physical utilisation



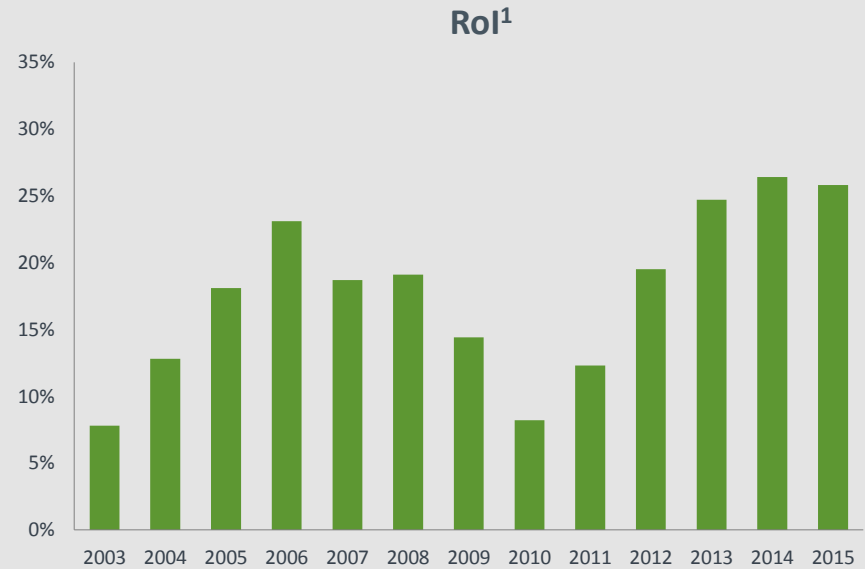
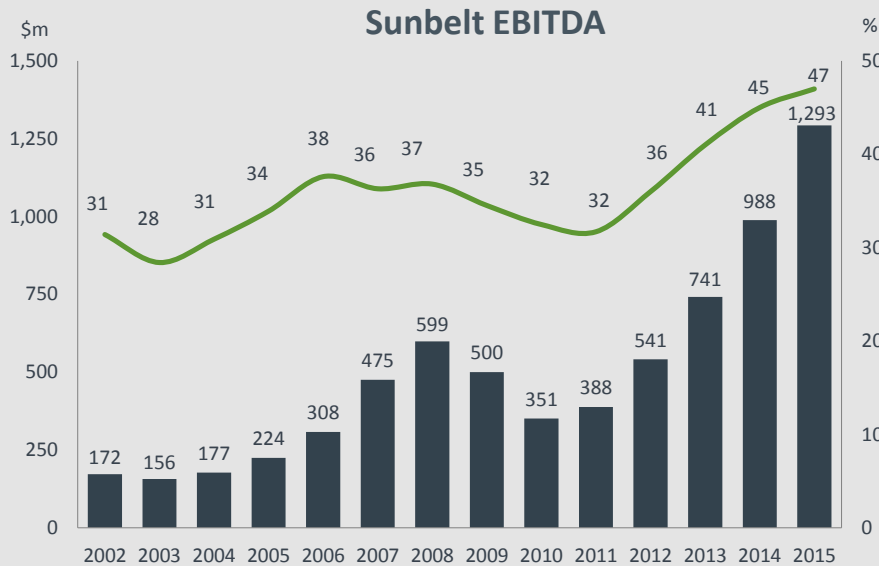
### Year over year change in yield



### Fleet size and growth



# Strategy of same store growth and bolt-ons driving both short and long term margin improvement



<sup>1</sup> Excluding goodwill and intangibles

- EBITDA drop through 58%
- Same store drop through 67%

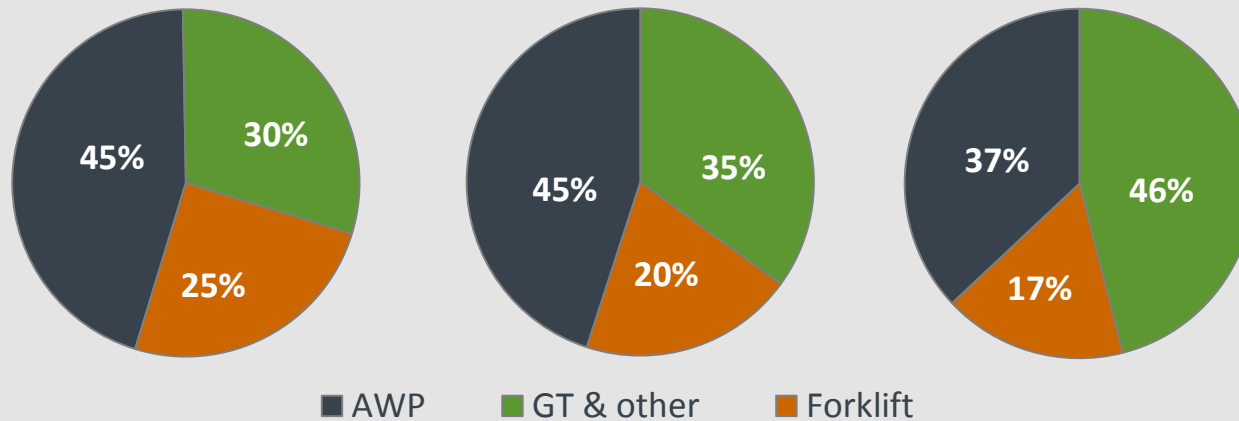
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2012</u>
Same store	27%	18%
Greenfields	15%	n/a
Acquisitions	26%	n/a

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Greenfields	17	24	31	50
Bolt-ons	<u>6</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>?</u>
	<u>23</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>50+</u>

# Margin evolution of greenfields

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2 - 3</u>	<u>Year 4 - 5</u>
Fleet size	~\$5m	~\$5m - 10m	~\$10m - \$15m
RoI	10 – 15%	20 – 25%	25 – 30%
Customer mix	Narrow	Broader	Mature
	Customer contractor base, high visibility projects, Sunbelt legacy accounts	Construction growth matched by pace of maintenance, municipal, industrial and non-construction	Broad customer base with healthy balance of market channel and customer size

Fleet mix





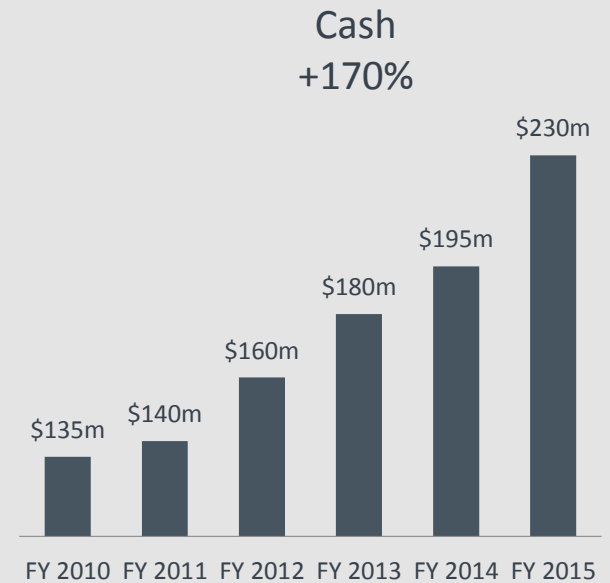
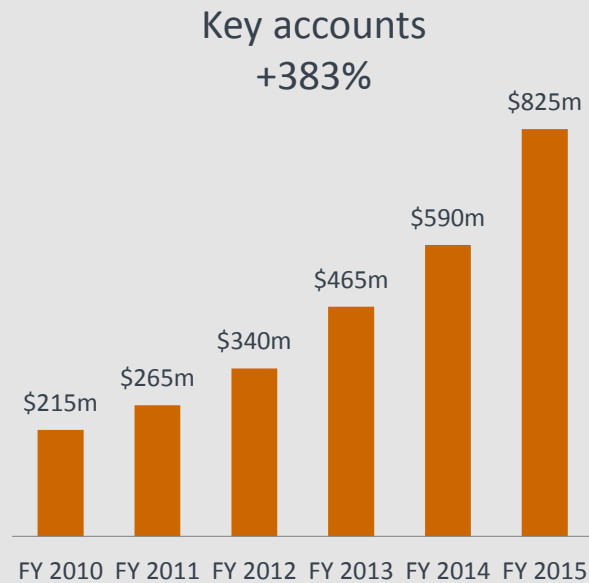
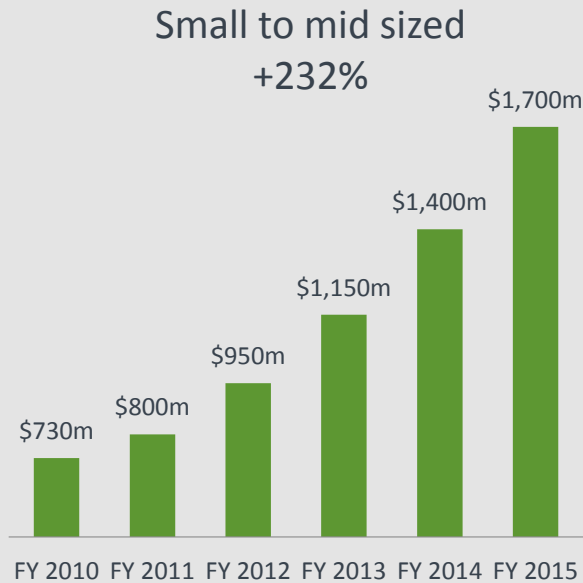
# There is a well proven track record of developing the scale and profitability of locations over time

Location size	Fleet size	Number		Operating margin*		RoI*	
		2008	2015	2008	2015	2008	2015
Extra large	> \$15 million	14	73	37%	41%	26%	28%
Large	> \$10 million	35	108	35%	38%	25%	27%
Medium	> \$5 million	174	181	30%	34%	22%	24%
Small	< \$5 million	115	68	24%	29%	19%	23%

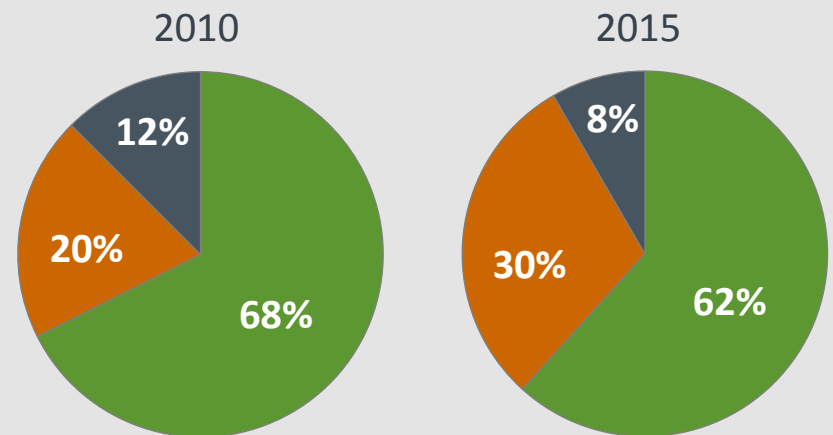
\*Based on store level operating profit and excludes central costs

Note: 2008 reflects prior peak performance post the acquisition of NationsRent

# Where is our share coming from?

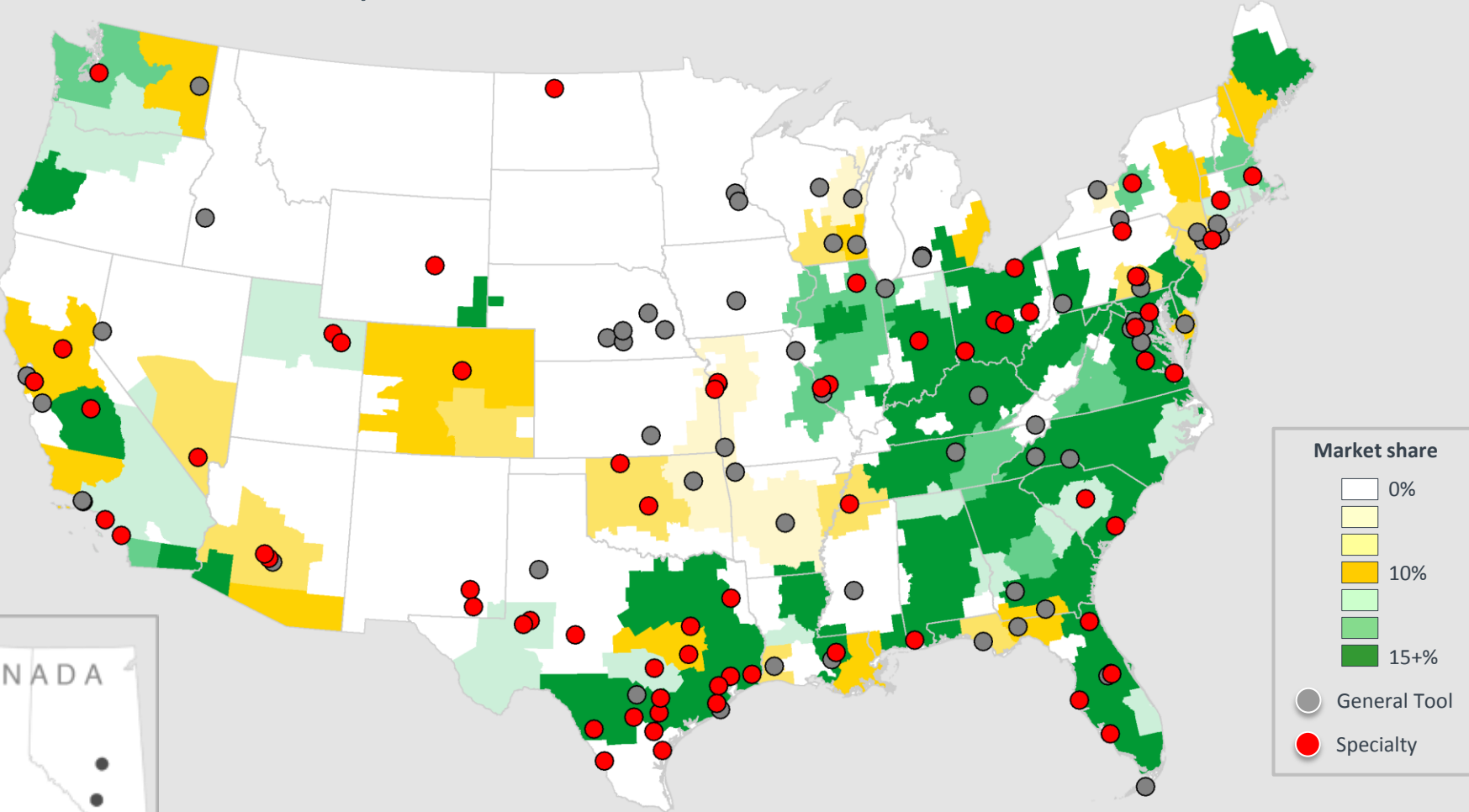


- We have clearly gained significant market share in all areas
- Over time our key account momentum has improved due to;
  - breadth of product offering
  - geographic coverage
- Our core remains small to mid sized contractors but we now have a far better balance



# Good progress in broadening geography and developing specialty

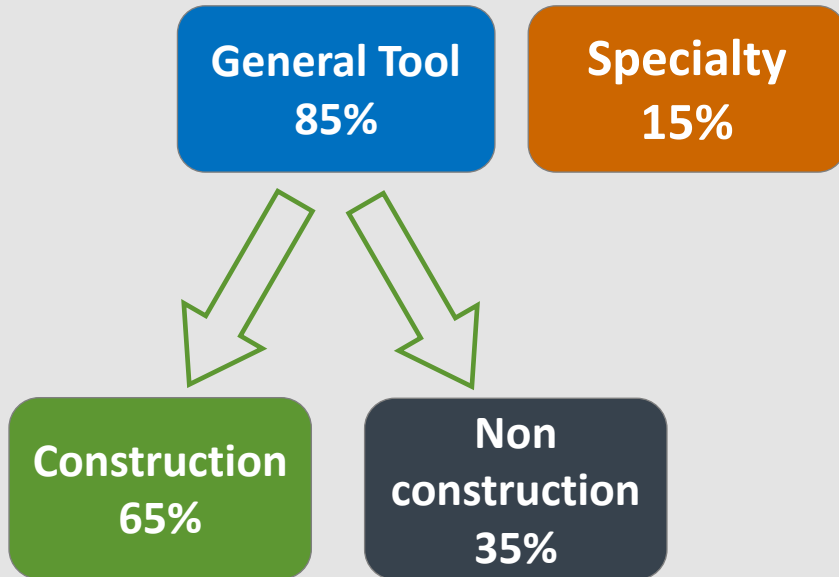
144 locations added in three years



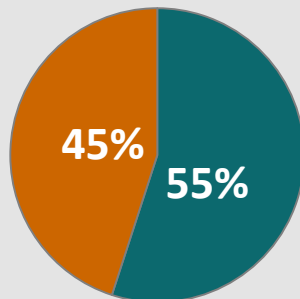
# We are diversifying our business

Greater long term resilience

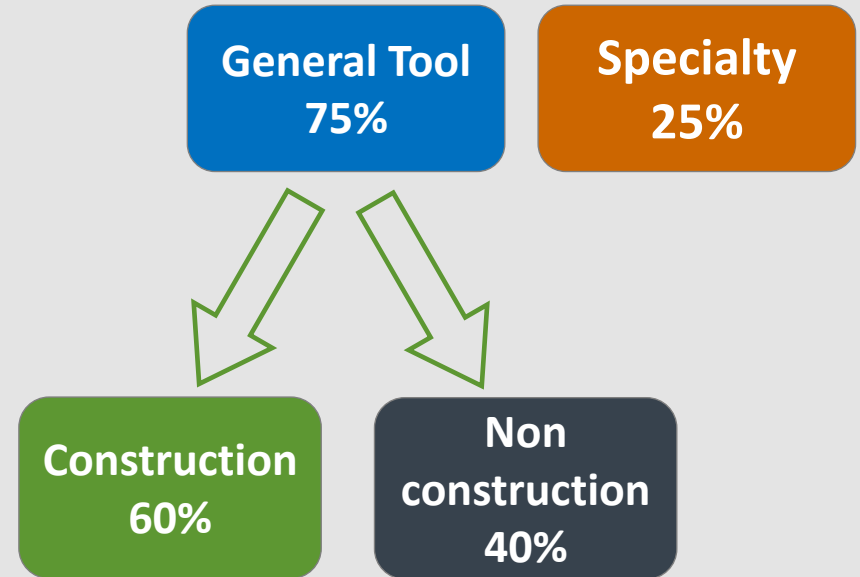
2007



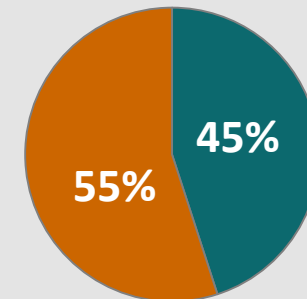
Total



2015



Total



■ Construction  
■ Non construction

# The market

In our core markets we believe we remain relatively early cycle supporting our investment decisions

Rental revenue forecasts	2015	2016	2017
Industry rental revenue	+8%	+7%	+8%

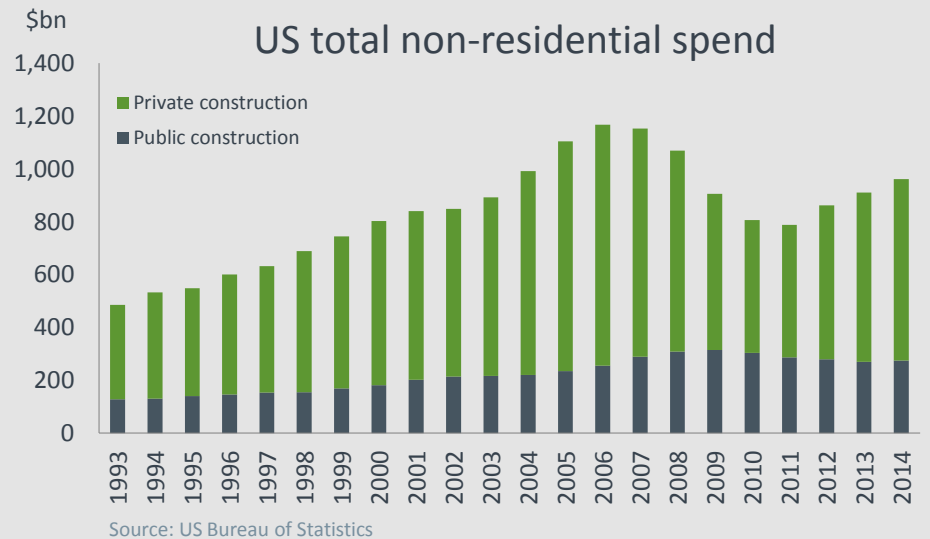
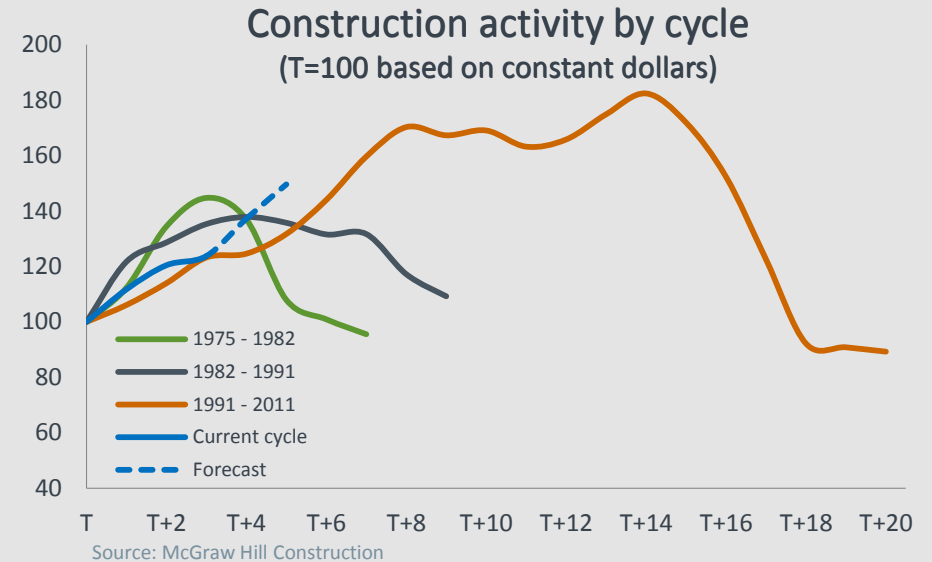
Source: IHS Global Insight (April 2015)

Total building starts (Millions of square feet)	2015	2016	2017
Total building	+13%	+17%	+10%
Commercial and Industrial	+11%	+11%	+5%
Institutional	+8%	+11%	+14%
Residential	+14%	+19%	+12%

Source: McGraw Hill (March 2015)

Put in place construction	2015	2016	2017
Total construction	+4%	+3%	+5%

Source: Maximus Advisors (May 2015)



## So what's new for 2016 at Sunbelt?

- Remain committed to our organic growth plans

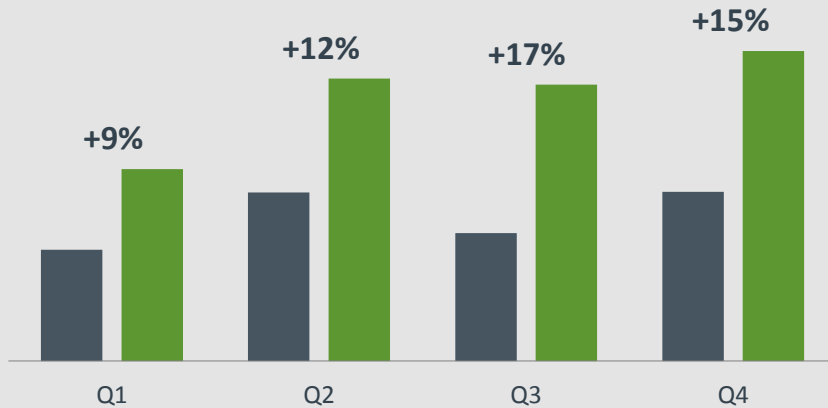
	2015 Q3 Forecast	2015 Actual	Current 2016 outlook	Anticipated volume growth (%)
Sunbelt (\$m)				
- rental fleet	1,225	1,268	1,200 – 1,300	mid – high teens
- non-rental fleet	80	100	100	
	1,305	1,368	1,300 – 1,400	

- \$40m of 2015/16 fleet spend pulled forward to Q4 to be ready for the market – bolt-ons and greenfields need time to assimilate new fleet
- Continued focus on greenfields (circa 50 planned)
- Selective bolt-on M&A with primary focus again on specialty

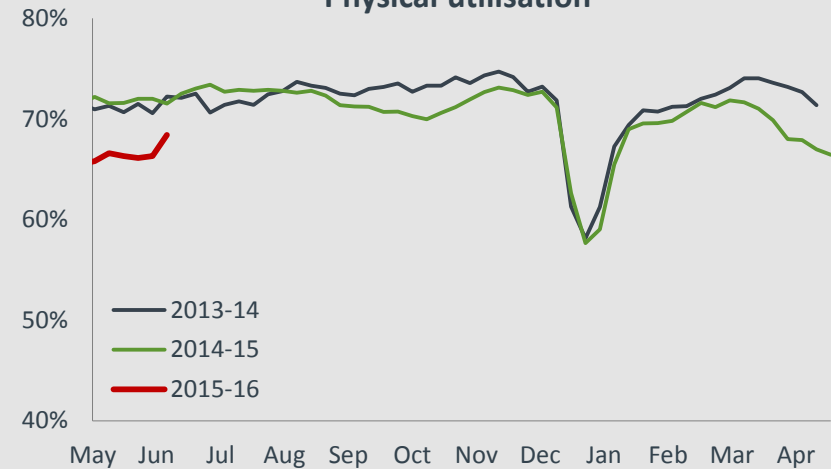
# A-Plant revenue drivers – rental only

Growth continues backed by fleet investment

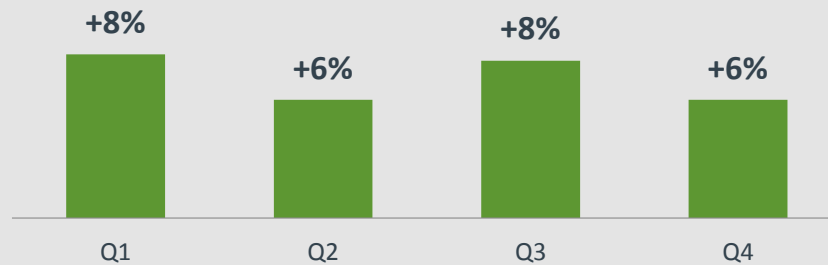
### Average fleet on rent



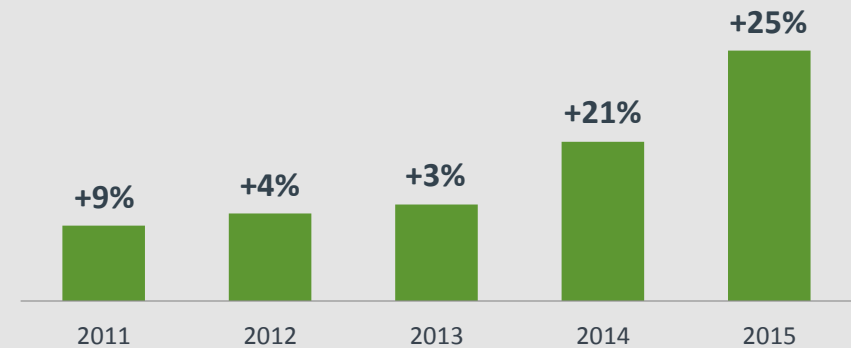
### Physical utilisation



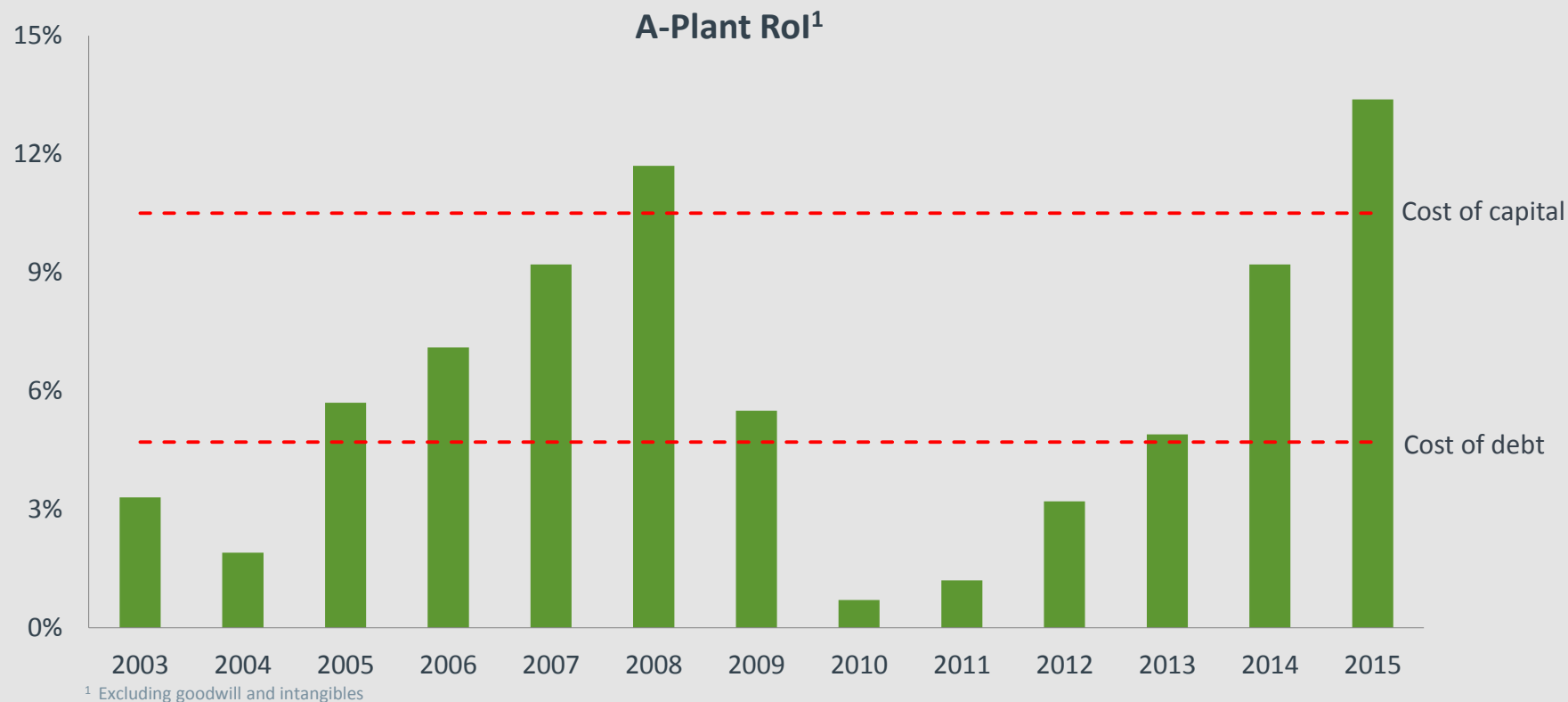
### Year over year change in yield



### Fleet size and growth



# Not only are we gaining market share but it is clearly profitable growth



● EBITDA drop through – 56%



# UK construction industry forecasts

Markets remain positive – as in the US a broader customer base will help as there will be ups and downs

(£m constant 2010 prices)	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	2015 Forecast	2016 Forecast	2017 Projection	2018 Projection	% of Total
Residential	31,294	36,721 +17.3%	39,602 +7.8%	41,248 +4.2%	42,245 +2.4%	43,266 +2.4%	30%
Private commercial	34,556	35,956 +4.1%	37,995 +5.7%	39,737 +4.6%	41,345 +4.0%	42,818 +3.6%	30%
Public and infrastructure	47,157	48,744 +3.4%	50,448 +3.5%	52,190 +3.5%	54,143 +3.7%	57,121 +5.5%	40%
Total	113,007	121,421 +7.4%	128,045 +5.5%	133,175 +4.0%	137,733 +3.4%	143,205 +4.0%	100%

Source: Consumer Products Association (Spring 2015)

## So what's new at A-Plant for 2016?

- Follow the plan in terms of broadening the business
- We are a rental company – we believe in the benefits of the broadest, youngest fleet in the industry

	2015 Q3 Forecast	2015 Actual	Current 2016 outlook	Anticipated volume growth (%)
A-Plant (£m)				
- rental fleet	135	154	130 – 150	low – mid teens
- non-rental fleet	15	19	15	
	150	173	145 – 165	

- Continued organic fleet growth and deaging
- Again a Q4 pull forward to improve responsiveness
- Bolt-on M&A in specialty areas will continue

# Summary

- Both divisions performing well
- Well positioned to capitalise on both structural and cyclical opportunities
- No significant change to plans with continued emphasis on organic fleet growth
- Bolt-on and greenfield strategy continues
- Commitment to responsible growth unchanged (leverage <2x EBITDA)
- Dividend increased to 15.25p for the year
- The Board looks forward to the medium term with confidence

# Appendices

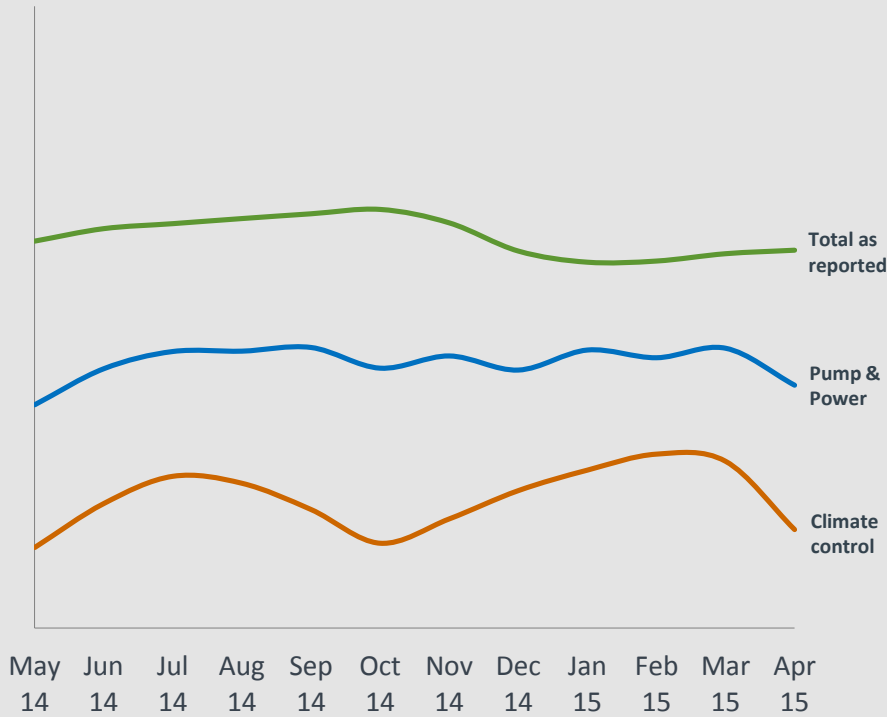
# Oil and Gas

- 5% of our business
- Year-on-year comparators get tougher as on an accelerating trend through to December 2014
- In Q4 actual rental revenue +\$5m
- Both rate and volume have steadied over the last 8 weeks
- Anticipated year-on-year decline in revenue of c.\$35-45m and operating profit of c.\$15-20m assuming no reallocation of fleet

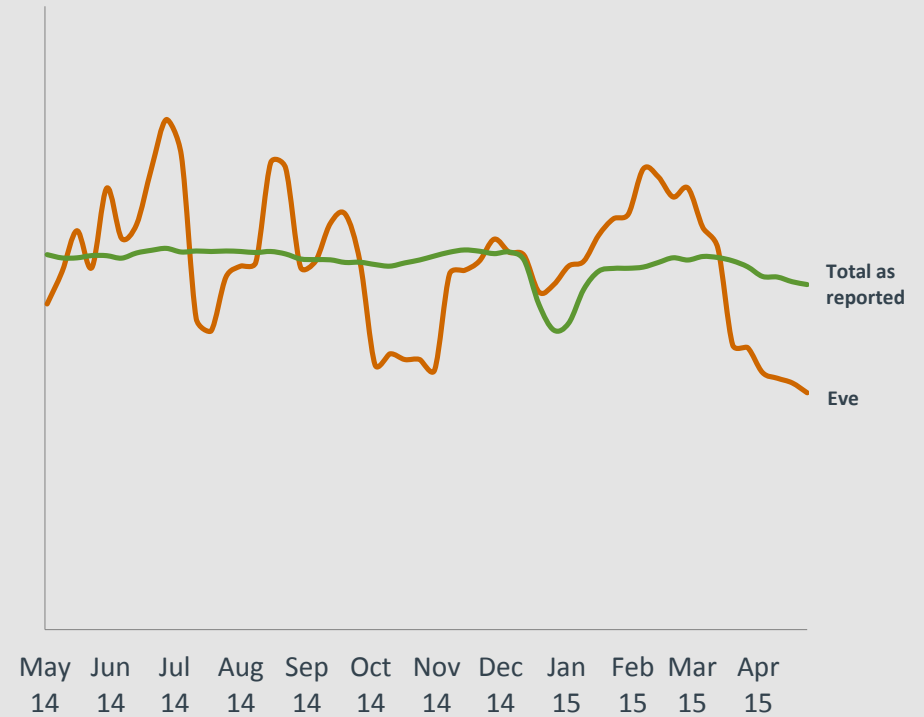
# Diversification of business does alter some metrics

## Physical utilisation




### Sunbelt



### A-Plant



# Product mix and cycle make a difference on metrics

	High Rol	Medium Rol	Low Rol
			
\$ utilisation	90%	55%	40%
Physical utilisation	Low	Medium	High
Cycle	Mid to end	Full	Early

# Gaining market share in both US and UK

In both markets there are winners and losers but generally the big are getting bigger

US

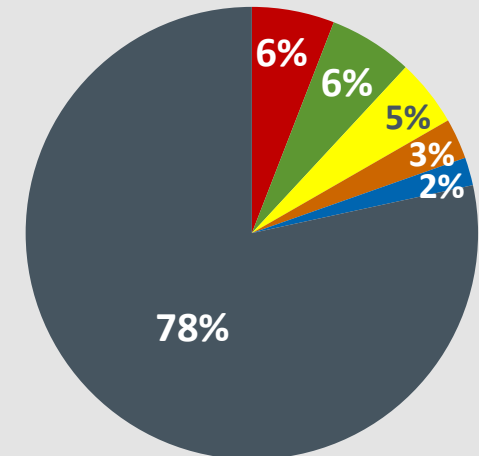
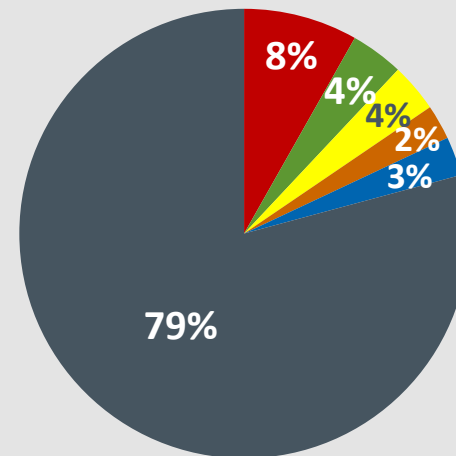
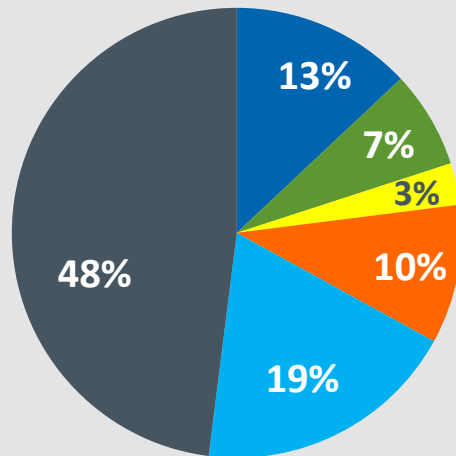
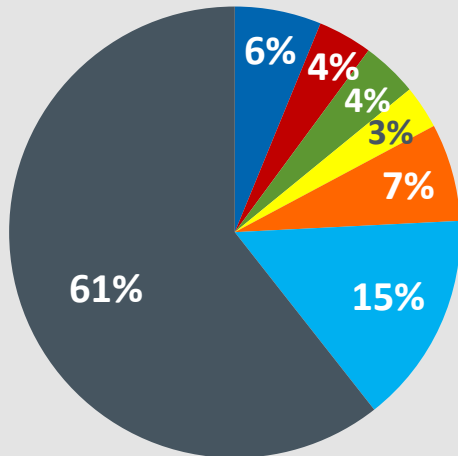
UK

2010

2015

2010

2015



- United Rentals/RSC
- RSC
- Sunbelt
- Hertz Equipment Rental Co. (HERC)
- Top 4-10
- Top 11-100
- Others

- Speedy
- A-Plant
- HSS
- VP
- Lavendon
- Others

Source: Management estimates based on IHS Global Insight market estimates





# Divisional performance – Q4

	Revenue			EBITDA			Profit		
	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>
Sunbelt (\$m)	695	530	+31%	310	232	+33%	186	137	+36%
Sunbelt (£m)	458	318	+44%	206	140	+47%	124	82	+51%
A-Plant	81	67	+21%	25	17	+45%	9	4	+122%
Group central costs	-	-	-	(3)	(3)	-	(3)	(3)	-10%
	<b>539</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>+40%</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>+48%</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>+57%</b>
Net financing costs							(20)	(14)	+47%
Profit before exceptionals, amortisation and tax							<b>110</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>+59%</b>
Exceptionals and amortisation							(5)	2	-
Profit before taxation							<b>105</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>+48%</b>
Taxation							(37)	(19)	+94%
Profit after taxation							<b>68</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>+30%</b>
<i>Margins</i>									
- Sunbelt				45%	44%		27%	26%	
- A-Plant				31%	26%		11%	6%	
- Group				42%	40%		24%	21%	

<sup>1</sup> As reported

# Divisional performance – twelve months

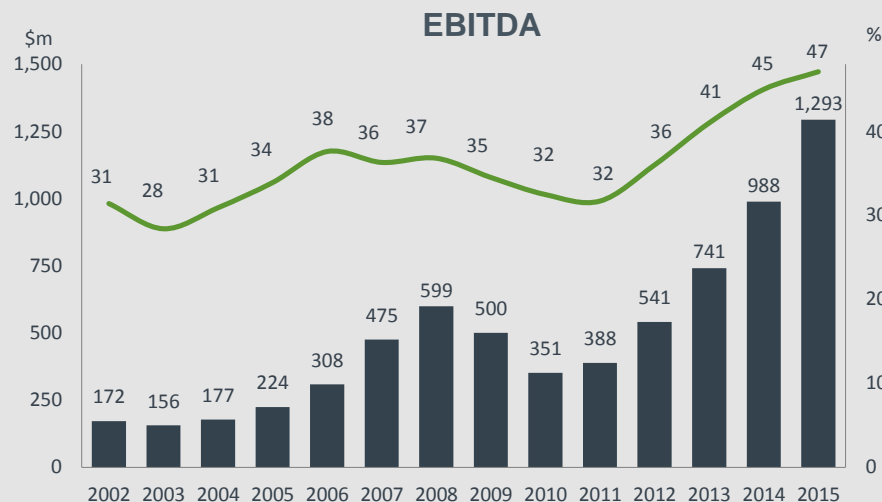
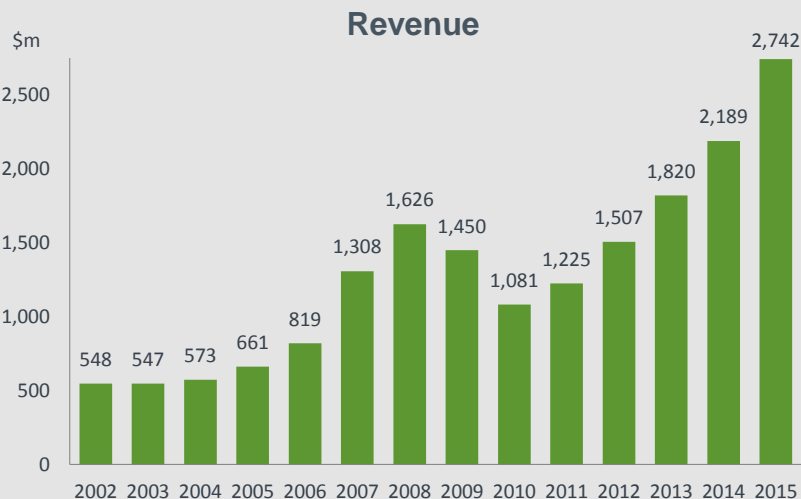
	Revenue			EBITDA			Profit		
	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>	2015	2014	Change <sup>1</sup>
Sunbelt (\$m)	2,742	2,189	+25%	1,293	988	+31%	833	631	+32%
Sunbelt (£m)	1,716	1,366	+26%	809	616	+31%	521	394	+32%
A-Plant	323	269	+20%	109	79	+39%	46	25	+83%
Group central costs	-	-	-	(10)	(10)	+3%	(10)	(10)	+3%
	<b>2,039</b>	<b>1,635</b>	<b>+25%</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>+33%</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>+36%</b>
Net financing costs							(67)	(47)	+43%
Profit before exceptionals, amortisation and tax							<b>490</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>+35%</b>
Exceptionals and amortisation							(16)	(5)	-
Profit before taxation							<b>474</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>+33%</b>
Taxation							(171)	(126)	+36%
Profit after taxation							<b>303</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>+31%</b>
<i>Margins</i>									
- Sunbelt				47%	45%		30%	29%	
- A-Plant				34%	29%		14%	9%	
- Group				45%	42%		27%	25%	

<sup>1</sup> As reported

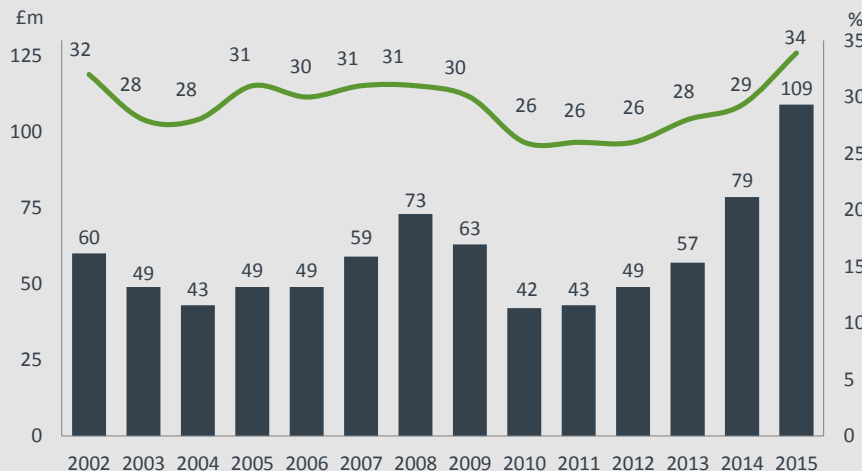
# Margins continue to improve

US margins have exceeded the previous peak with substantial opportunity for future earnings growth and margin expansion

## Sunbelt

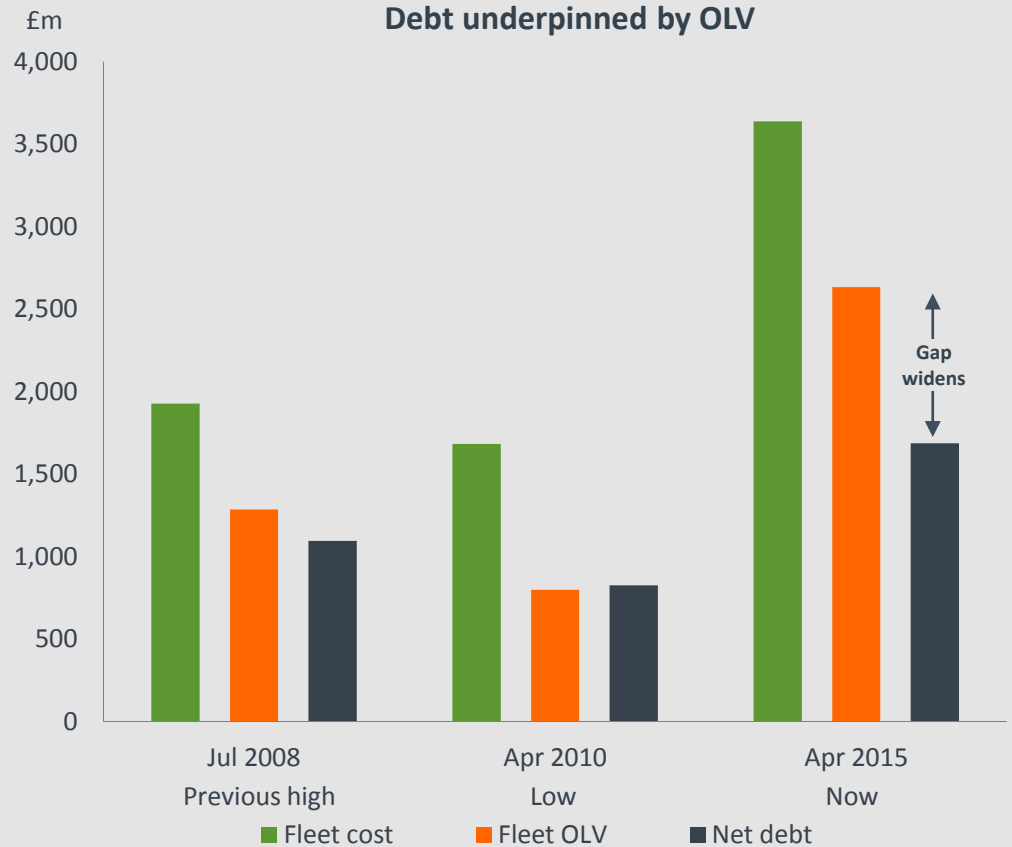
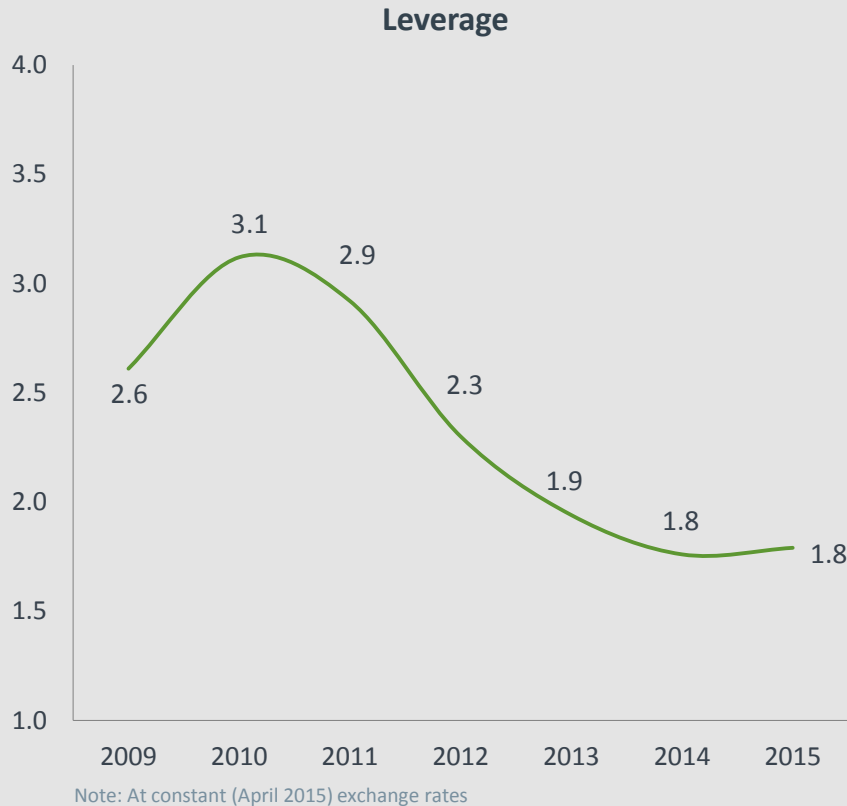


## A-Plant

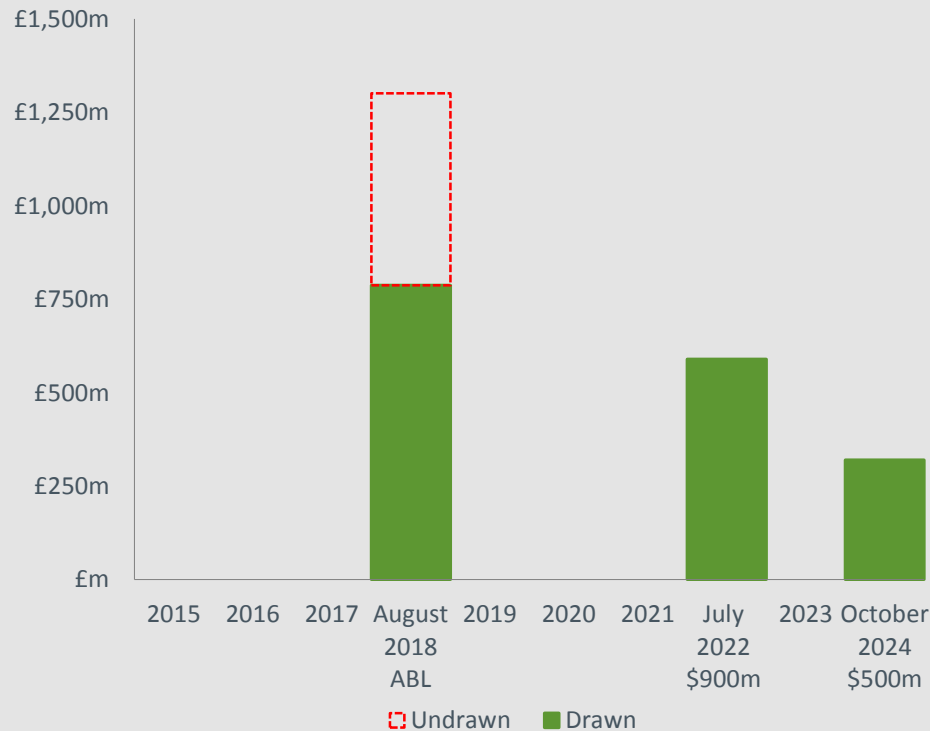


# Financial strength

Growth potential is underpinned by the financial strength of the business



# Robust debt structure with substantial capacity to fund further growth



- 6 year average remaining commitment
- No amortisation
- No financial monitoring covenants
- whilst availability exceeds \$200m (April 2015 : \$756m)

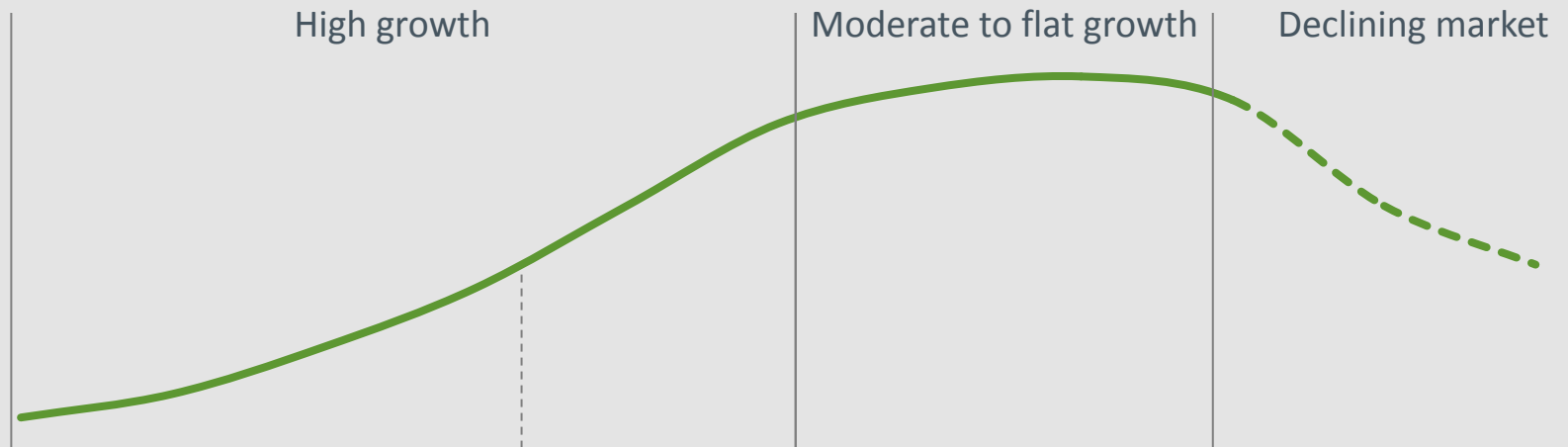
# Cash flow

(£m)	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
<b>EBITDA before exceptional items</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>150</b>
EBITDA margin	45%	42%	38%	34%	30%	30%	33%	38%	35%	35%	32%	29%	28%
<b>Cash inflow from operations before fleet changes and exceptionals</b>	<b>841</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>157</b>
Cash conversion ratio	93%	94%	97%	96%	99%	104%	104%	94%	97%	96%	97%	95%	105%
Replacement capital expenditure	(349)	(335)	(329)	(272)	(203)	(43)	(236)	(231)	(245)	(167)	(101)	(83)	(89)
Disposal proceeds	103	102	96	90	60	31	92	93	78	50	36	32	29
Interest and tax	(95)	(56)	(48)	(57)	(71)	(54)	(64)	(83)	(69)	(41)	(31)	(33)	(40)
<b>Cash flow before discretionary items</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>57</b>
Growth capital expenditure	(588)	(406)	(254)	(135)	-	-	-	(120)	(63)	(63)	(10)	-	(18)
M&A	(242)	(103)	(34)	(22)	(35)	(1)	89	(6)	(327)	(44)	1	15	(1)
Exceptional costs	-	(2)	(16)	(3)	(12)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(69)	(20)	(6)	(17)	(8)
<b>Cash flow available to equity holders</b>	<b>(330)</b>	<b>(154)</b>	<b>(84)</b>	<b>(35)</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>(376)</b>	<b>(70)</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>30</b>
Dividends paid	(61)	(41)	(20)	(15)	(15)	(13)	(13)	(10)	(7)	(2)	-	-	(9)
Share issues/returns	(21)	(23)	(10)	(4)	-	-	(16)	(24)	144	69	-	-	-
	<b>(412)</b>	<b>(218)</b>	<b>(114)</b>	<b>(53)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>(35)</b>	<b>(239)</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>21</b>

- Healthy EBITDA margins ensure significant top line cash generation throughout the cycle
- It is only periods of high growth capex and M&A as we scale up the business that are increasing debt

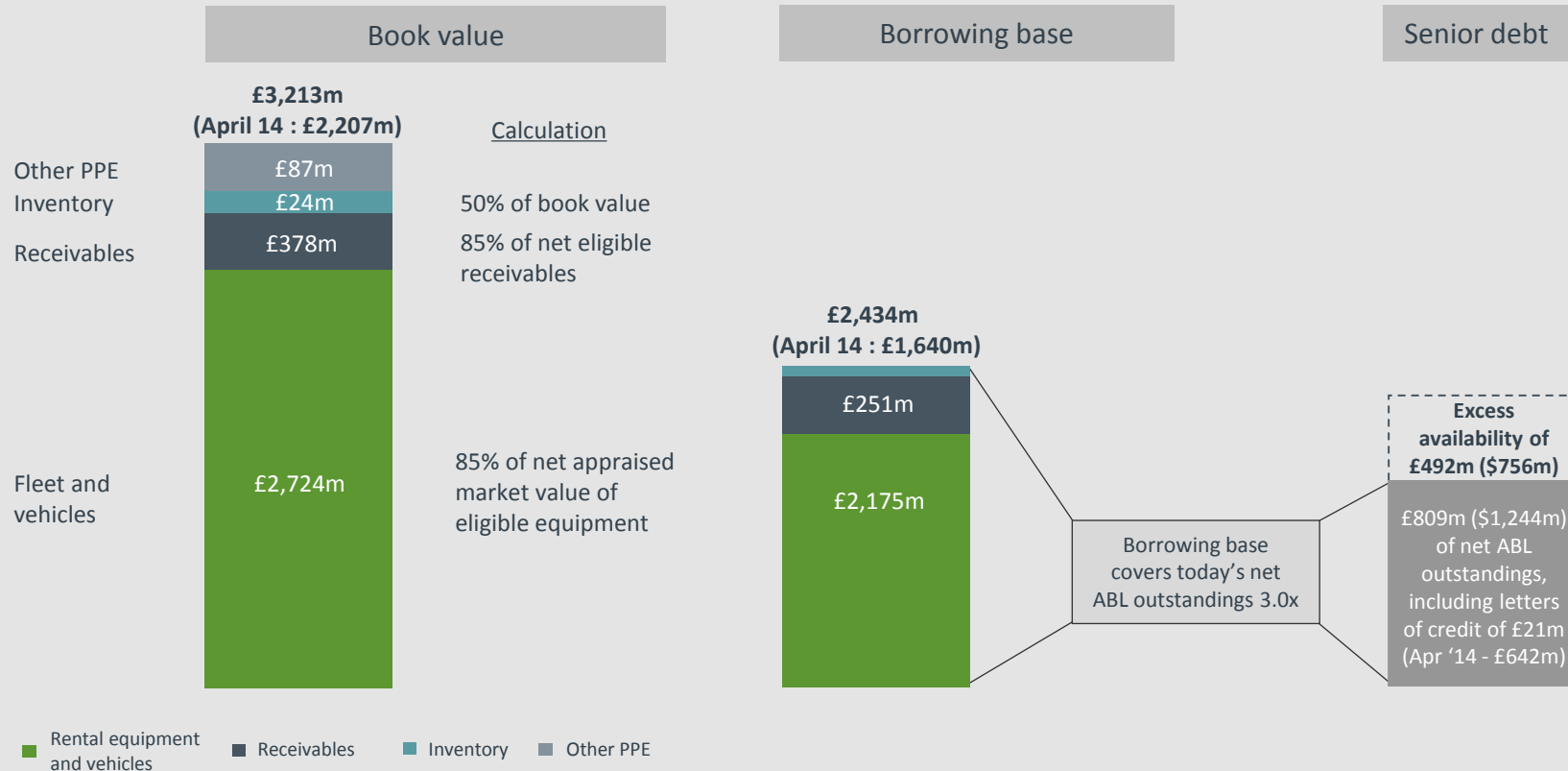
# Cyclical cash generation

Cash positive once growth moderates – highly generative during downturn



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	← Ongoing →	Moderate / flat growth	Cyclical downturn
Cash flow from operations	280	365	501	646	841	Growing	Growing	Decreasing but remains positive
Capital expenditure	225	476	580	741	1,063	High	Moderating	Significantly reduced
Sunbelt average fleet growth	-	+9%	+16%	+21%	+29%	High (>12%)	Low (<12%)	Flat to declining
Free cash flow	54	(13)	(50)	(51)	(88)	Negative	Positive	Highly positive
Leverage (absent significant M&A)	2.9	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.8	Declining	Lower end of 1-2 range	Initial increase, subsequent decline
Dividend	3.0p	3.5p	7.5p	11.5p	15.25p	Increasing	Lower rate of increase	Maintained

# \$756m of availability at 30 April 2015



- Borrowing base reflects July 2014 asset values



# Debt and covenants

## Debt

Facility	Interest rate	Maturity
\$2bn first lien revolver	LIBOR +175-225bp	August 2018
\$900m second lien notes	6.5%	July 2022
\$500m second lien notes	5.625%	October 2024
Capital leases	~7%	Various

## Ratings

	S&P	Moody's
Corporate family	BB	Ba2
Second lien	BB	Ba3

## Availability

- Covenants are not measured if availability is above \$200m

## Leverage covenant

- Gross funded debt to EBITDA cannot exceed 4.0x
- EBITDA is measured before one time items and at constant exchange rates
- 1.8x at April 2015

## Fixed charge coverage covenant

- EBITDA less net cash capex to interest paid, tax paid, dividends paid and debt amortisation must equal or exceed 1.0x
- Less than 1.0x at April 2015