



International Equipment Rental  
Year end results – 30 April 2007

Issued: 26 June 2007

## Financial Review

Ian Robson – finance director

# Full year results

				Growth	
		<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	At actual	At constant
		£m	£m	<u>rates</u>	<u>rates</u>
Revenue	- As published	896.1	638.0	+41%	+48%
	- NationsRent & Lux	<u>130.3</u>	<u>359.6</u>		
	- Pro forma	<u>1,026.4</u>	<u>997.6</u>	+3%	+9%
EBITDA*	- As published	310.3	224.7	+38%	+46%
	- NationsRent & Lux	<u>31.1</u>	<u>73.5</u>		
	- Pro forma	<u>341.4</u>	<u>298.2</u>	+14%	+22%
Operating profit*	- As published	150.5	111.1	+35%	+45%
	- NationsRent & Lux	<u>10.7</u>	<u>9.2</u>		
	- Pro forma	<u>161.2</u>	<u>120.3</u>	+34%	+43%
Profit before tax*	- As published	<u>81.4</u>	<u>67.5</u>	+21%	+29%
Pro forma margins	- EBITDA	33.3%	29.9%	+11%	
	- Operating profit	<u>15.7%</u>	<u>12.1%</u>	+30%	

\* Before exceptional items, amortisation of acquired intangibles and fair value remeasurements

# Exceptional items

- Exceptional items comprise:
  - £42m of NationsRent debt redemption costs paid at closing
  - Non cash financing costs relating to NationsRent of £26m
  - NationsRent & Lux integration costs of £33m
  - UK restructuring costs of £6m
- NationsRent integration costs include £22m of redundancy, vacant property and other costs to deliver the \$48m integration savings and £9m of rebranding costs
- No further exceptional costs relating to NationsRent are anticipated
- Integration costs savings of \$48m annually have been achieved (v \$37m target) with \$25m realised in the year to 30 April 2007

# Fourth quarter results

				Growth	
		2007	2006	At actual	At constant
		£m	£m	rates	rates
Revenue	- As published	233.8	161.7	+45%	+57%
	- NationsRent & Lux	<u>-</u>	<u>87.5</u>		
	- Pro forma	<u>233.8</u>	<u>249.2</u>	-6%	+3%
EBITDA*	- As published	78.9	54.4	+45%	+58%
	- NationsRent & Lux	<u>-</u>	<u>14.4</u>		
	- Pro forma	<u>78.9</u>	<u>68.8</u>	+15%	+26%
Operating profit*	- As published	35.7	25.7	+39%	+54%
	- NationsRent & Lux	<u>-</u>	<u>(1.9)</u>		
	- Pro forma	<u>35.7</u>	<u>23.8</u>	+50%	+66%
Profit before tax*	- As published	<u>15.7</u>	<u>14.5</u>	+8%	+21%
Pro forma margins	- EBITDA	33.7%	27.6%		
	- Operating profit	<u>15.3%</u>	<u>9.5%</u>		

\* Before exceptional items, amortisation of acquired intangibles and fair value remeasurements

## Cash flow

	<u>2007</u> £m	<u>2006</u> £m	<u>Growth</u> %
<b>Cash inflow from operations before exceptional items</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>+48%</b>
Maintenance capital expenditure (rental & non-rental)	(245)	(167)	+47%
Used fleet sales proceeds	78	50	+56%
Interest and tax	(69)	(41)	+68%
<b>Free cash flow after interest</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>+46%</b>
Growth capital expenditure	(63)	(63)	
Acquisitions and disposals	(327)	(44)	
Issue of ordinary share capital	149	71	
Dividends paid	(7)	(2)	
Exceptionals and other	(74)	(22)	
<b>Increase in total debt</b>	<b>(239)</b>	<b>(3)</b>	

- Enlarged Group continues to convert 95 to 100% of EBITDA into cash
- Used fleet sales proceeds continue to be an important part of cash flow
- Free cash flow grows in line with business growth

# Capital expenditure

- £290m (2006 – £220m) spent in the year including £256m on the rental fleet
- This was lower than expected because some of the NationsRent fleet reconfiguration expenditure was delayed from Q4 into the new fiscal year
- Disposal proceeds totalled £89m (2006 – £64m), including £19m from fleet reconfiguration
- Expenditure on fleet maintenance was £182m – or 114% of depreciation as fleet age neared the optimum level. £74m was invested in fleet growth
- Capital expenditure plans for 2007/8 include:
  - Maintenance expenditure broadly in line with depreciation
  - An allowance for fleet growth, particularly in the UK and in US speciality businesses
  - The remaining reconfiguration investment of approximately £50m
- In total 2007/8 gross capital expenditure is expected to be approximately £275m with disposal proceeds of around £50m, making around £225m net

# Balance sheet management and net debt

- Debt at 30 April 2007 was £917m, lower than we had anticipated reflecting the deferral of some NationsRent fleet reconfiguration expenditure into the new fiscal year
- \$1.75bn of asset based senior debt facilities and \$800m of secured notes
- Debt to EBITDA leverage:
  - 2.7 times at 30 April 2007 down from 3.2 times at closing
  - Expected to reduce further in the coming year
  - 2 to 3 times leverage target
- Substantial flexibility:
  - Average maturity 6.25 years and first significant maturity in 2011
  - \$589m of availability under the ABL at 30 April 2007
  - All debt covenant free when availability exceeds \$125m
- Substantial partial natural hedge through £917m of debt, 98% drawn in dollars

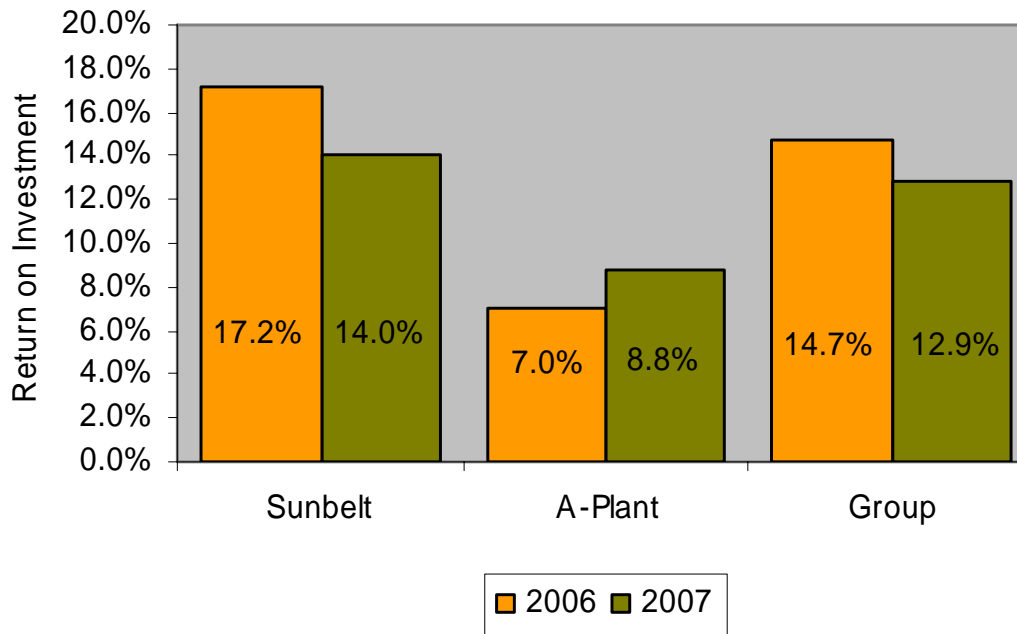


# Taxation

- 35% effective tax rate reported in 2006/7 for accounts purposes
- Cash tax charge of just £0.4m due to:
  - Tax deductible refinancing, integration and rebranding costs
  - \$127m of acquired NationsRent tax losses
  - £139m of tax losses in UK at 30 April 2007
- Benefit of these losses now recognised on balance sheet within deferred tax
- Tax rate for accounts purposes set to be stable at c35% (US – 39% and UK – 30%)
- Even when the losses are fully utilised Ashtead's cash tax rate will still be lower than accounting rate in most market conditions

# Return on Investment

- Following NationsRent & Lux acquisitions, RoI redefined to include goodwill
- RoI at Sunbelt and for the Group in 2007 limited by NationsRent
- A-Plant RoI continues its established recovery trend
- Post tax return on equity of 15.3%



# Operational Review

## Geoff Drabble – chief executive

## Sunbelt – trading results

Good margin improvement, particularly in Q4 due to integration benefits

	<u>Full year*</u>			<u>Quarter four*</u>		
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth</u>
	\$m	\$m	%	\$m	\$m	%
Revenue	<u>1,539</u>	<u>1,425</u>	+8%	<u>349</u>	<u>347</u>	+1%
EBITA	<u>272</u>	<u>190</u>	+43%	<u>60</u>	<u>34</u>	+78%
Margins	<u>17.7%</u>	<u>13.4%</u>		<u>17.1%</u>	<u>9.7%</u>	

\* Pro forma for NationsRent

## Sunbelt – revenue by type

New equipment sales will continue to reduce as we focus on rental

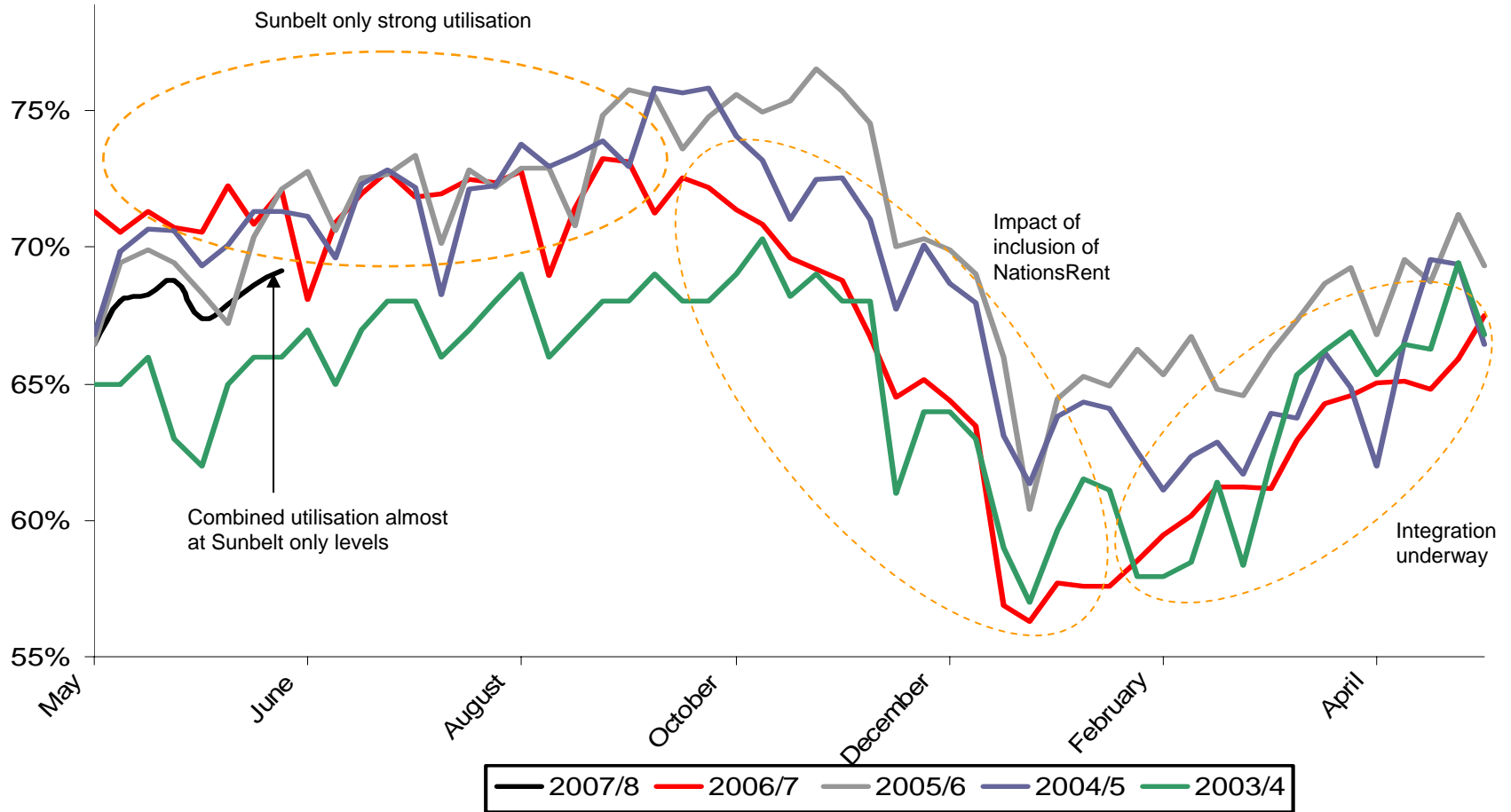
	<u>Full year*</u>			<u>Quarter four*</u>		
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth</u>
	\$m	\$m	%	\$m	\$m	%
Rental	1,397	1,286	+9%	319	308	+3%
Sales	<u>142</u>	<u>139</u>	+2%	<u>30</u>	<u>39</u>	-22%
Total	<u>1,539</u>	<u>1,425</u>	+8%	<u>349</u>	<u>347</u>	+1%

\* Pro forma for NationsRent

# Sunbelt – key drivers of the improved performance

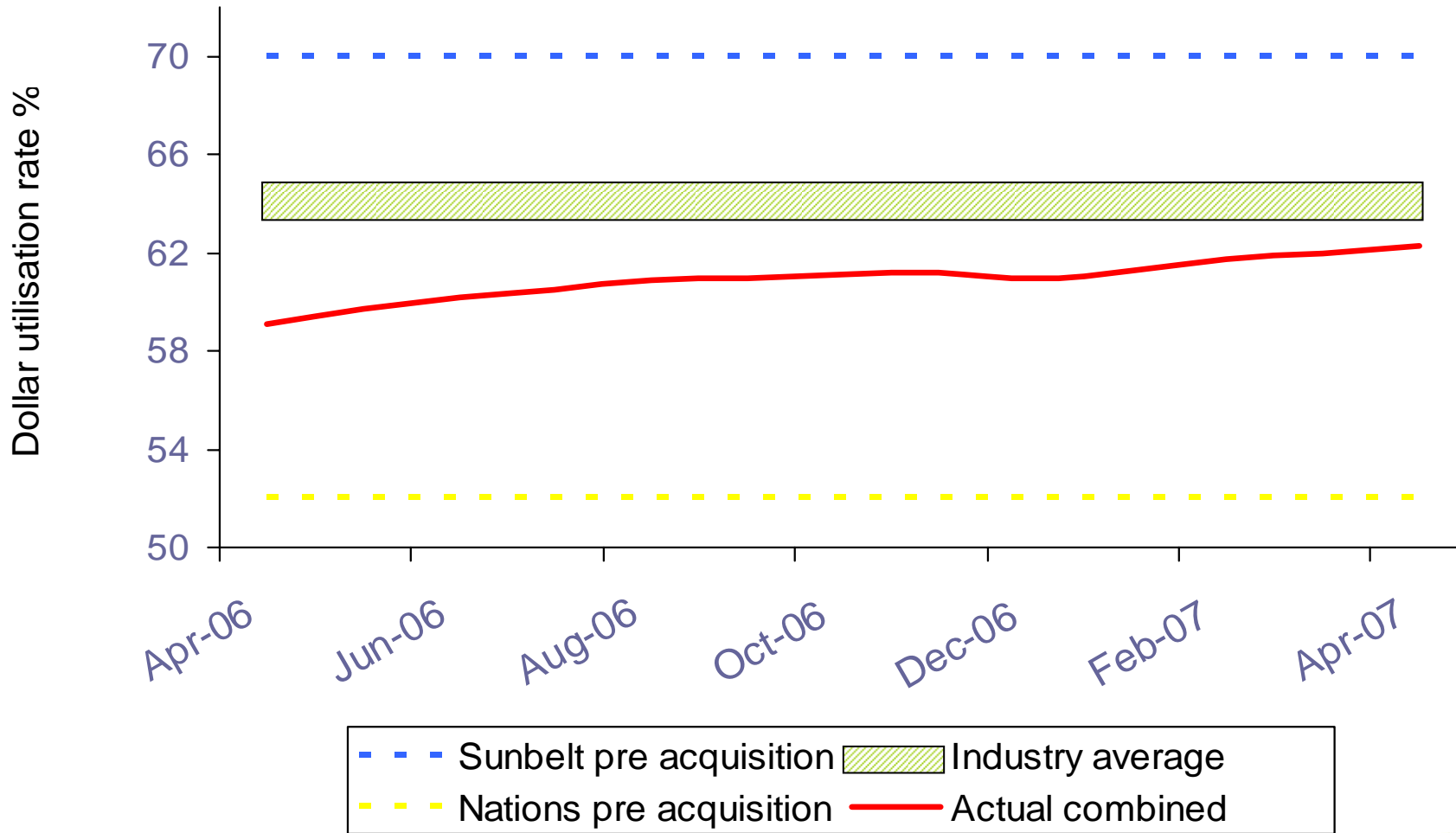
- Focus on driving rental revenue from reconfigured fleet improves margin
- Integration savings (annual \$48m) flowing fully in Q4
- Improved \$ utilisation through better physical utilisation and pricing
- Structural integration now complete – entering key season with one team focused on gaining market share and continuing to improve \$ utilisation

# Sunbelt – physical utilisation



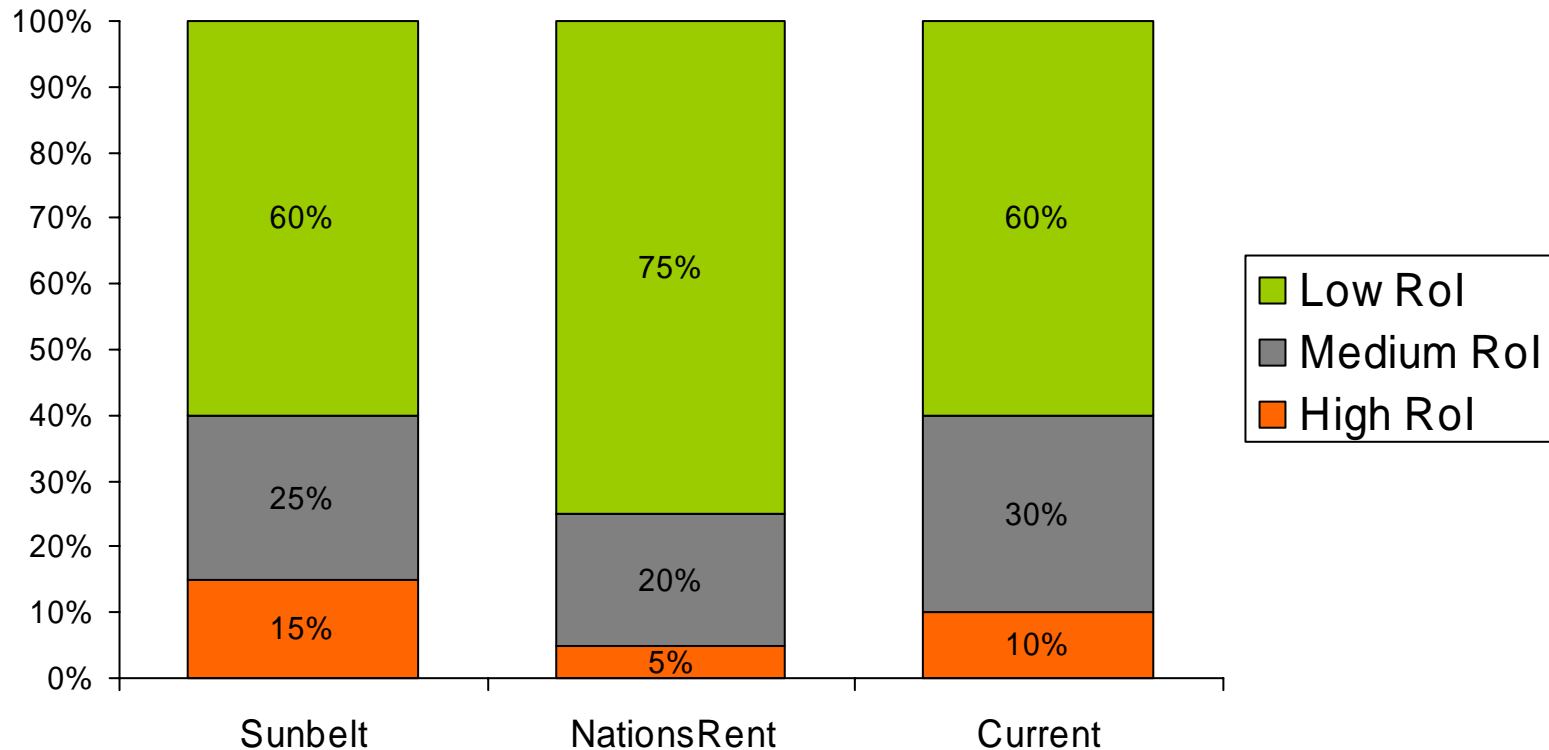
# Sunbelt – dollar utilisation

Good progress to initial target of industry average utilisation





# Sunbelt – fleet reconfiguration

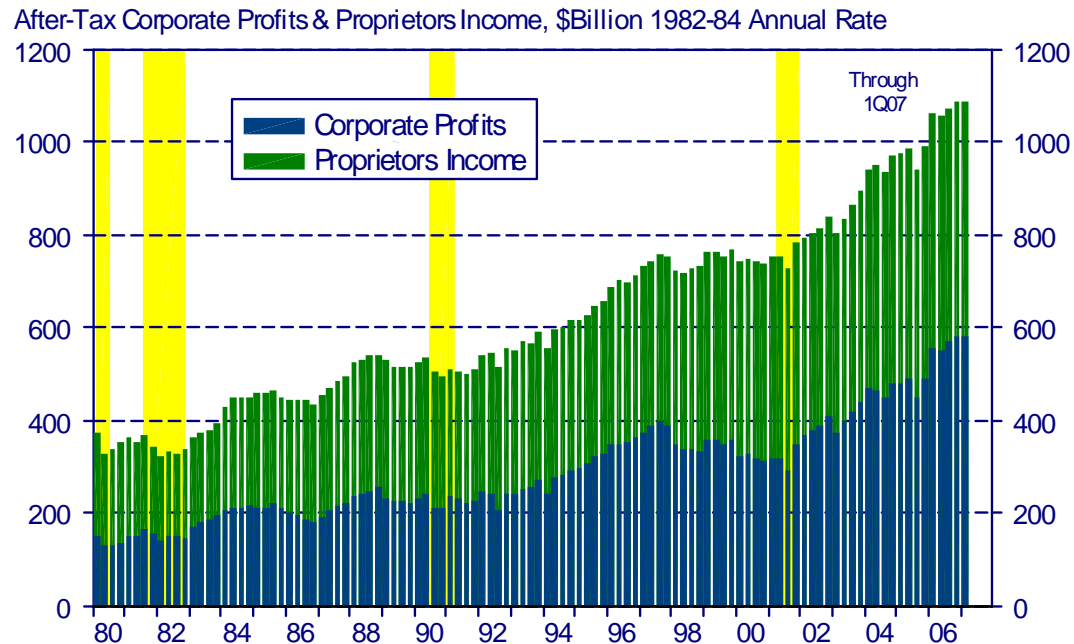


- Current configuration will drive us up to industry average (63-65%) dollar utilisation in first full year of ownership
- Next level of reconfiguration is required to get towards historical Sunbelt levels

# Sunbelt – the market

## Good lead indicators

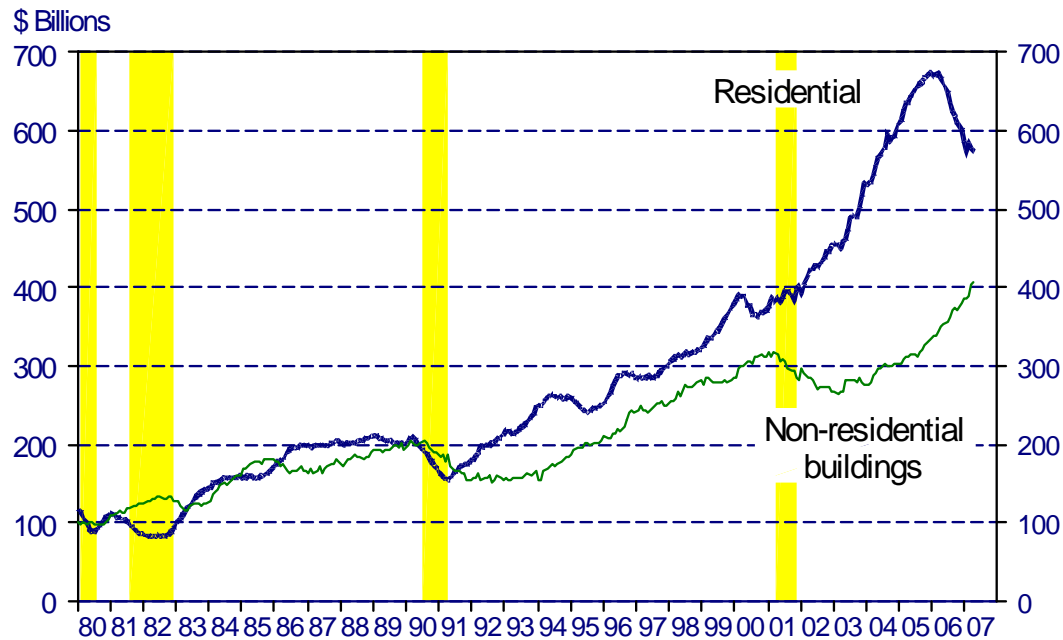
- Non-residential construction driven to large extent by corporate profits
- Corporate profits drive private expenditure and also increased tax revenues for federal and state spending initiatives
- Therefore outlook is good given current US profitability levels



# Sunbelt – the market

## Catch up required in institutional expenditure

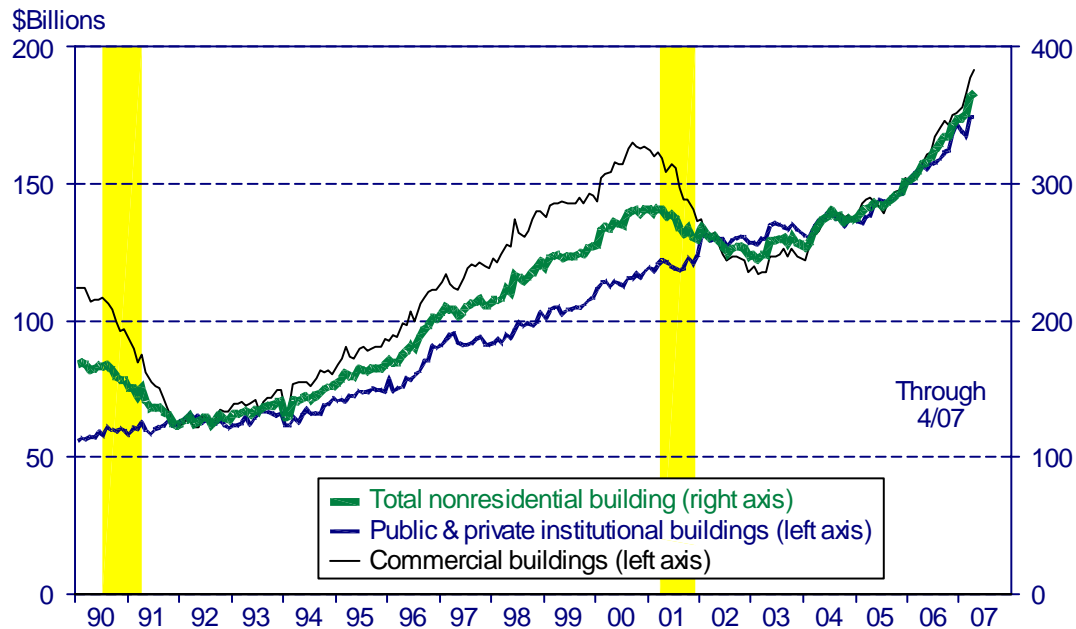
- Non residential and residential construction are in two distinct cycles
- There is a significant element of catch up required in institutional expenditure
- Most states are now showing a budget surplus



# Sunbelt – the market

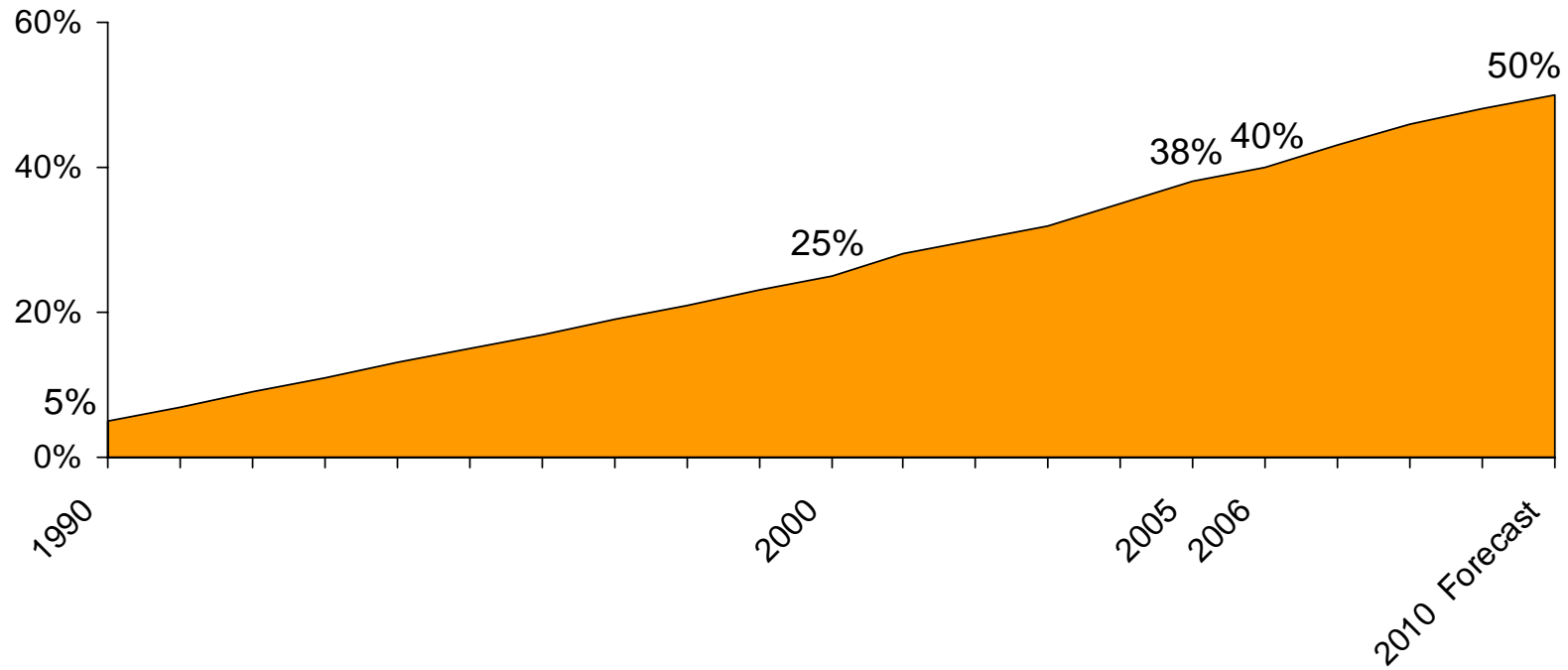
## Institutional expenditure less volatile

- The institutional element of total non residential construction is now 50% of the whole. Having weathered the downturn it is set to rise
- The institutional element is less volatile then the commercial element
- The current position is far removed from the situation in 2000 where commercial was a greater proportion of the total



# Sunbelt – the market

The drive from ownership to rental continues



## Sunbelt – looking forward

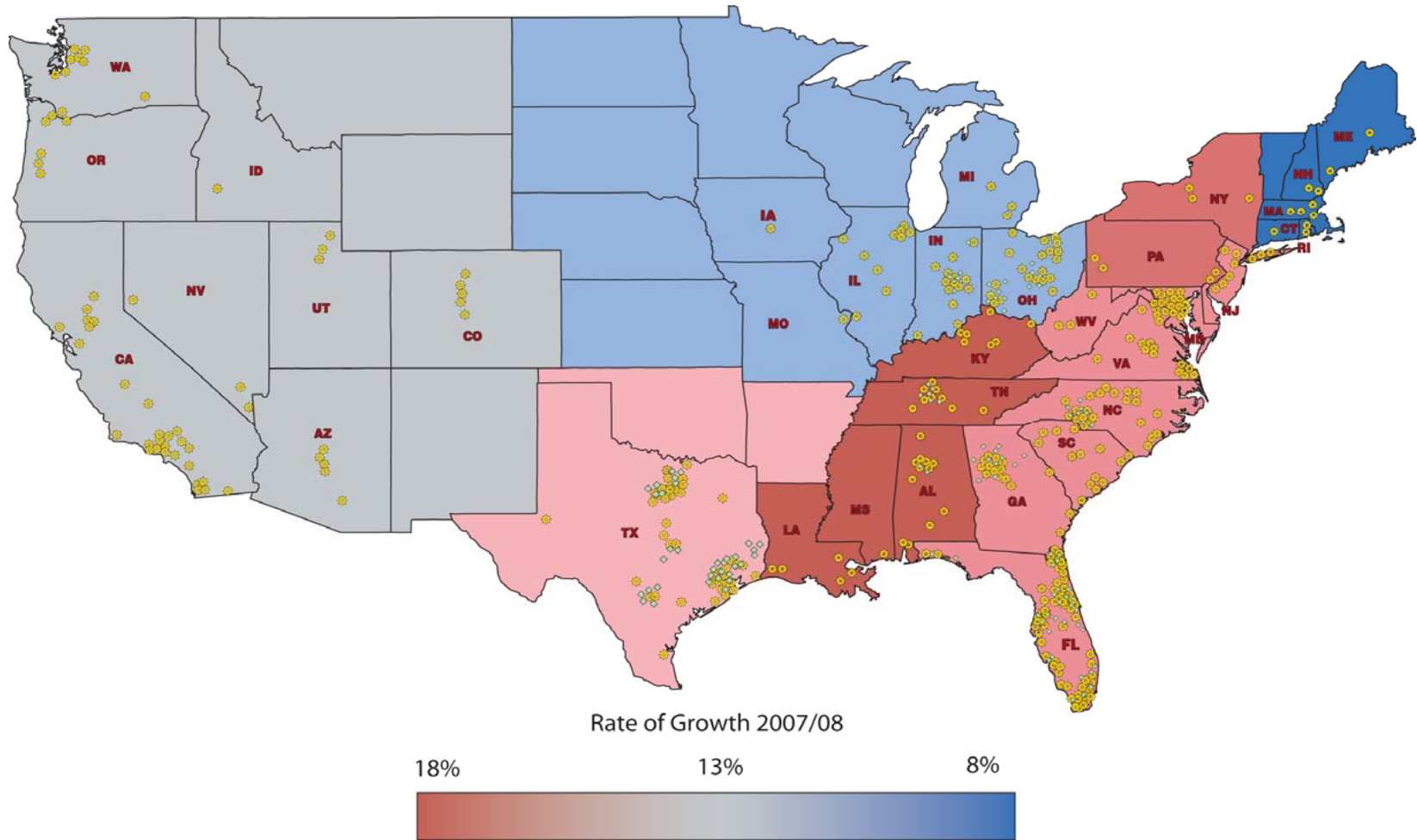
- The acquisition enhanced our overall footprint
- It also provided the opportunity to grow existing clusters and create new ones

	Before <u>NationsRent</u>	<u>Currently</u>
Markets clustered	18	31
Markets with presence	15	13
Markets with no presence	17	6

Analysis based on US top 50 Metropolitan Service Areas

# Sunbelt – looking forward

We are well positioned in high growth markets



# Sunbelt summary

- Integration on track
- Future markets remain robust
- We will continue to leverage the operational opportunity of the combined business
- Further fleet growth and reconfiguration as the former NationsRent profit centres adapt their business model
- We will utilise the expanded geographic footprint to fill out cluster markets through greenfield openings and “bolt-on” acquisitions
- We will also grow Sunbelt’s speciality products (pump & power, scaffold and aerial work platforms) to support these clusters



## A-Plant – trading results

	<u>Full year*</u>			<u>Quarter four*</u>		
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth</u>
	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%
Revenue	<u>199</u>	<u>179</u>	+11%	<u>50</u>	<u>47</u>	+7%
EBITA	<u>21</u>	<u>15</u>	+40%	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	+29%
Margins	<u>10.4%</u>	<u>8.2%</u>		<u>11.8%</u>	<u>9.8%</u>	

\* Pro forma for Lux Traffic

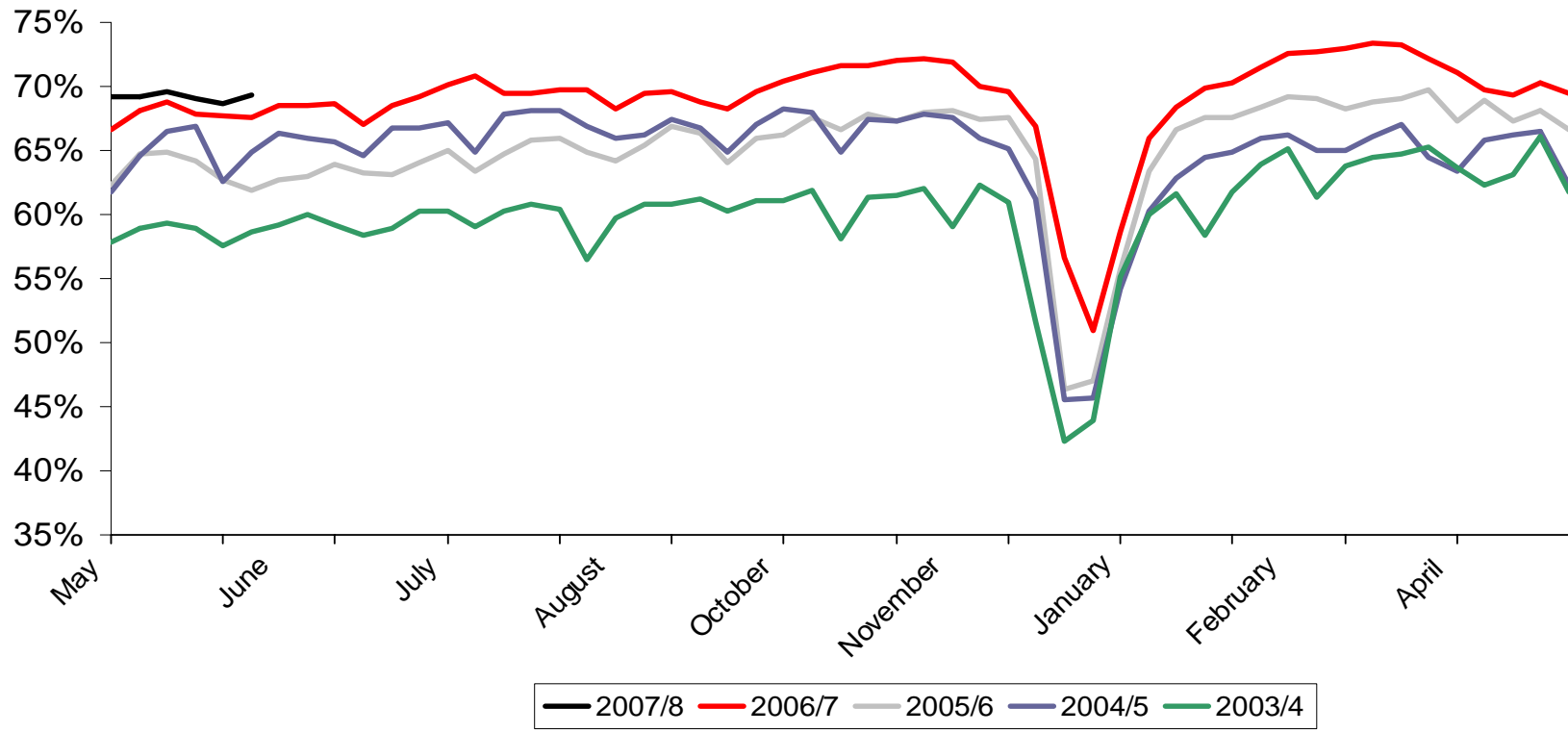
## A-Plant – key drivers

- Sales led recovery continues and we continue to invest in our sales team
- Benefiting from a clear business model focused on key contractor customers
- Speciality higher added value business performing well and showing good growth as customers look for more than pure product rental
- Lux acquisition earnings enhancing in year one
- Growth underpinned by strong operational model, supported by a single national integrated IT system

# A-Plant – profit centre infrastructure

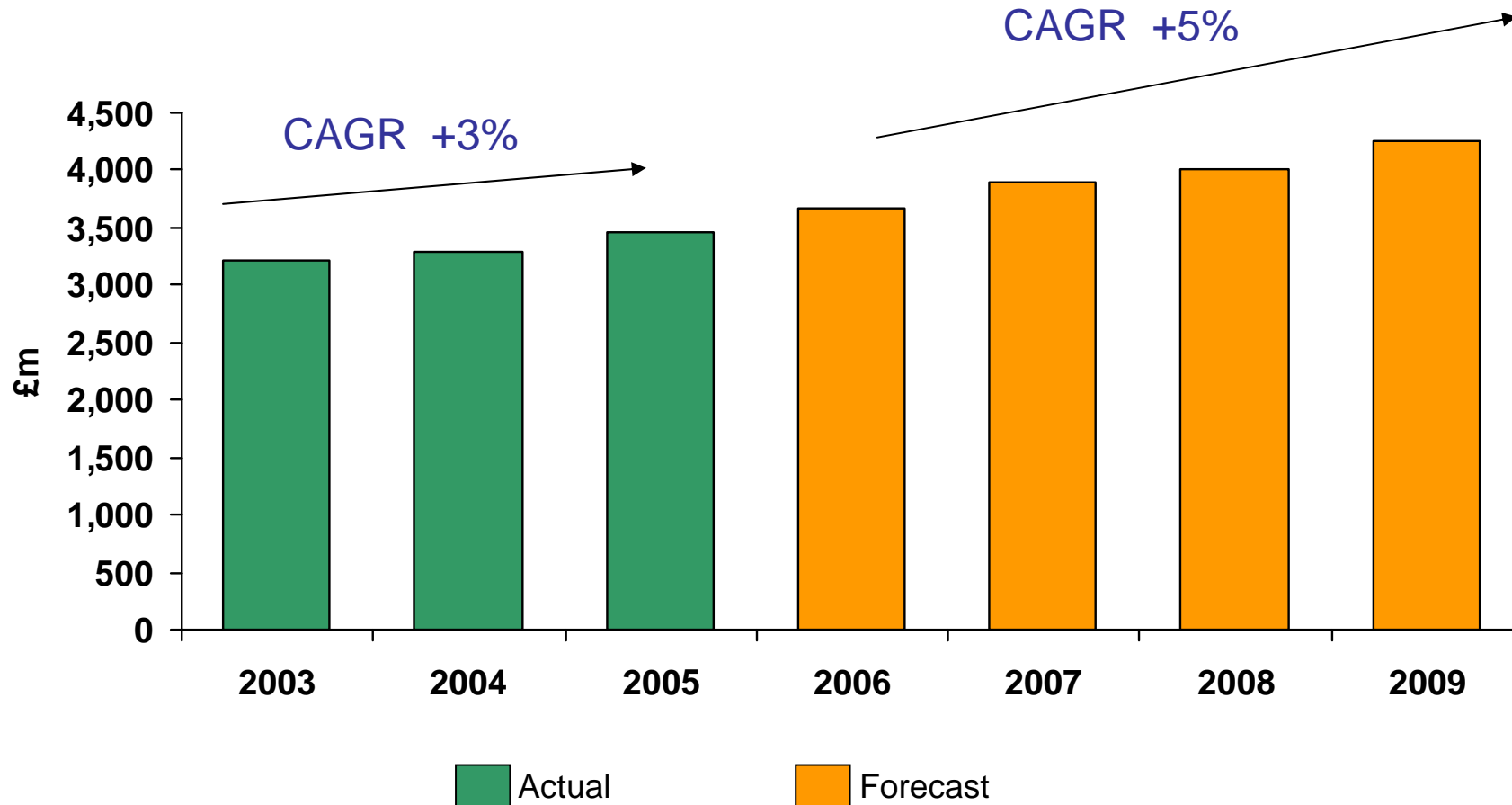
- 95% of rentals are now delivered
- Focus on plant and tool range to contractor customer base via fewer, larger profit centres
- Profit centre infrastructure improved to meet customer needs and ensure economies of scale
- We are targeting for 50% of our profit centres to be these “model profit centres” by end 2008
- Cost £6.2m (principally vacant premises)

# A-Plant – physical utilisation



# A-Plant – the market

UK plant & tool market expected to remain strong



# A-Plant – looking forward

- Continuing investment in growth through additional capital expenditure on the rental fleet
- Improved RoI from operational performance and restructured profit centre network
- Growth strategy for speciality business to reflect growing requirement by customer base to outsource services as well as rent product
- Growth strategy will be driven by both organic investment and acquisition

# Technology – trading results

	<u>Full year</u>			<u>Quarter four</u>		
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth*</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>Growth*</u>
	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%
Revenue	<u>21.6</u>	<u>16.1</u>	+39%	<u>5.3</u>	<u>4.3</u>	+30%
EBITA	<u>6.2</u>	<u>4.0</u>	+57%	<u>1.8</u>	<u>1.1</u>	+58%
Margins	<u>28.5%</u>	<u>25.0%</u>		<u>33.6%</u>	<u>27.0%</u>	

\* At constant rates of exchange

# Technology – key drivers of the results

- Both offshore and onshore markets remain good
- Benefiting in offshore from new deeper water geographies and the need to maintain ageing fields which are now profitable given oil price
- Onshore is also developing as health and safety requirements drive greater inspection and maintenance and environmental monitoring becomes more important
- Further opportunity to cross sell with the Sunbelt industrial customer base



# Summary

- Markets for all three divisions remain robust
- NationsRent acquisition is delivering
- A-Plant and Technology continue to grow
- We look forward to 2008 with confidence

# Appendices

# Divisional performance – year to 30 April 2007

	Revenue		Growth*	EBITDA		Growth*	Underlying profit		Growth*
	2007	2006		2007	2006		2007	2006	
Sunbelt in \$m	<u>1,307.9</u>	<u>818.7</u>	+59.8%	<u>475.0</u>	<u>307.9</u>	+54.3%	<u>253.1</u>	<u>175.5</u>	+44.2%
Sunbelt in £m	684.6	461.2	+59.8%	248.6	173.4	+54.3%	132.5	98.9	+44.2%
A-Plant	189.9	160.7	+18.2%	58.9	48.9	+20.3%	20.1	13.9	+44.7%
Ashtead Technology	21.6	16.1	+38.9%	11.0	8.0	+42.9%	6.2	4.0	+57.3%
Group central costs	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(8.2)</u>	<u>(5.6)</u>	+46.5%	<u>(8.3)</u>	<u>(5.7)</u>	+45.3%
	<u>896.1</u>	<u>638.0</u>	+48.2%	<u>310.3</u>	<u>224.7</u>	+46.2%	150.5	111.1	+44.7%
Net financing costs							<u>(69.1)</u>	<u>(43.6)</u>	
Profit before tax, exceptionals and amortisation							81.4	67.5	+28.9%
Exceptional items and amortisation							<u>(117.9)</u>	<u>14.2</u>	
(Loss)/profit before taxation							<u>(36.5)</u>	<u>81.7</u>	

\*At constant rates of exchange

## Divisional performance – fourth quarter

	Revenue			EBITDA			Underlying profit		
	2007	2006	Growth*	2007	2006	Growth*	2007	2006	Growth*
Sunbelt in \$m	<u>349.4</u>	<u>202.7</u>	+72.4%	<u>122.8</u>	<u>72.4</u>	+69.7%	<u>59.8</u>	<u>37.7</u>	+58.6%
Sunbelt in £m	178.3	115.6	+72.4%	62.6	41.3	+69.7%	30.4	21.6	+58.6%
A-Plant	50.2	41.8	+20.2%	15.7	12.0	+29.2%	5.9	4.3	+40.4%
Ashtead Technology	5.3	4.3	+29.5%	3.0	2.3	+40.2%	1.8	1.1	+58.4%
Group central costs	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>(2.4)</u>	<u>(1.2)</u>	+88.5%	<u>(2.4)</u>	<u>(1.3)</u>	+85.1%
	<u>233.8</u>	<u>161.7</u>	+56.6%	<u>78.9</u>	<u>54.4</u>	+58.1%	35.7	25.7	+53.8%
Net financing costs							<u>(20.0)</u>	<u>(11.2)</u>	
Profit before tax, exceptionals and amortisation							15.7	14.5	+20.9%
Exceptional items and amortisation							<u>(23.7)</u>	<u>(0.4)</u>	
(Loss)/profit before taxation							<u>(8.0)</u>	<u>14.1</u>	

\*At constant rates of exchange

# Sunbelt & NationsRent – Proforma combined performance

	2005/6					2006/7				
	Q1 \$m	Q2 \$m	Q3 \$m	Q4 \$m	FY \$m	Q1 \$m	Q2 \$m	Q3 \$m	Q4 \$m	FY \$m
<u>Revenue</u>										
Sunbelt (as previously reported)	186.8	220.0	209.2	202.7	818.7	234.0	363.0	361.5	349.4	1,307.9
NationsRent	<u>150.6</u>	<u>166.2</u>	<u>144.5</u>	<u>144.5</u>	<u>605.8</u>	<u>171.3</u>	<u>59.4</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>230.7</u>
Pro-forma combined	<u>337.4</u>	<u>386.2</u>	<u>353.7</u>	<u>347.2</u>	<u>1,424.5</u>	<u>405.3</u>	<u>422.4</u>	<u>361.5</u>	<u>349.4</u>	<u>1,538.6</u>
Growth						<u>20.1%</u>	<u>9.4%</u>	<u>2.2%</u>	<u>0.6%</u>	<u>8.0%</u>
<u>Operating profit</u>										
Sunbelt (as previously reported)	38.4	57.6	41.8	37.7	175.5	57.1	78.1	58.1	59.8	253.1
NationsRent	<u>11.4</u>	<u>14.8</u>	<u>(7.3)</u>	<u>(4.0)</u>	<u>14.9</u>	<u>10.7</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>19.2</u>
Pro-forma combined	<u>49.8</u>	<u>72.4</u>	<u>34.5</u>	<u>33.7</u>	<u>190.4</u>	<u>67.8</u>	<u>86.6</u>	<u>58.1</u>	<u>59.8</u>	<u>272.3</u>
Growth						<u>36.1%</u>	<u>19.7%</u>	<u>68.5%</u>	<u>77.5%</u>	<u>43.1%</u>
Operating margins	<u>14.8%</u>	<u>18.7%</u>	<u>9.8%</u>	<u>9.7%</u>	<u>13.4%</u>	<u>16.7%</u>	<u>20.5%</u>	<u>16.1%</u>	<u>17.1%</u>	<u>17.7%</u>

# Stable free cashflow

	<u>2002</u> £m	<u>2003</u> £m	<u>2004</u> £m	<u>2005</u> £m	<u>2006</u> £m	<u>2007</u> £m
<b>EBITDA before exceptional items</b>	<b><u>194.4</u></b>	<b><u>150.1</u></b>	<b><u>147.0</u></b>	<b><u>169.5</u></b>	<b><u>224.7</u></b>	<b><u>310.3</u></b>
<b>Cash inflow from operations before exceptional items</b>	<b><u>194.2</u></b>	<b><u>157.3</u></b>	<b><u>140.0</u></b>	<b><u>164.8</u></b>	<b><u>215.2</u></b>	<b><u>319.3</u></b>
<i>Cash efficiency ratio</i>	<i>99.9%</i>	<i>104.8%</i>	<i>95.2%</i>	<i>97.2%</i>	<i>95.8%</i>	<i>102.9%</i>
Maintenance capital expenditure	(101.8)	(74.7)	(74.8)	(95.6)	(149.9)	(213.1)
Proceeds from sale of used rental equipment	26.6	29.4	32.3	35.9	50.4	78.5
Non-rental capital expenditure	(15.8)	(14.5)	(8.1)	(5.4)	(16.8)	(32.3)
Tax (paid)/received	<u>(0.7)</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>(0.6)</u>	<u>(2.8)</u>	<u>(5.0)</u>
Free cash flow before interest	102.5	98.2	89.5	99.1	96.1	147.4
Interest paid (excluding exceptional interest)	<u>(46.2)</u>	<u>(41.4)</u>	<u>(32.9)</u>	<u>(30.2)</u>	<u>(38.7)</u>	<u>(64.2)</u>
<b>Free cash flow after interest</b>	<b><u>56.3</u></b>	<b><u>56.8</u></b>	<b><u>56.6</u></b>	<b><u>68.9</u></b>	<b><u>57.4</u></b>	<b><u>83.2</u></b>
Growth capital expenditure	(85.7)	(17.9)	0.0	(10.2)	(62.6)	(62.9)
Dividends paid	(11.3)	(9.3)	0.0	0.0	(2.0)	(7.0)
Acquisitions & disposals	(4.9)	(0.8)	15.2	0.5	(44.2)	(327.2)
Share issues	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	70.9	148.9
Exceptional costs & other	<u>16.2</u>	<u>(7.6)</u>	<u>(18.2)</u>	<u>(5.7)</u>	<u>(22.1)</u>	<u>(73.7)</u>
<b>(Increase)/reduction in net debt</b>	<b><u>(29.4)</u></b>	<b><u>21.2</u></b>	<b><u>53.6</u></b>	<b><u>53.6</u></b>	<b><u>(2.6)</u></b>	<b><u>(238.7)</u></b>

\* cash inflow from operations before exceptional items as a percentage of EBITDA before exceptional items.